# **UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI**



# **Bachelor of Engineering**

in

# **Computer Engineering**

Second Year with Effect from AY 2020-21 <u>Third Year with Effect from AY 2021-22</u> <u>Final Year with Effect from AY 2022-23</u>

(REV- 2019 'C' Scheme) from Academic Year 2019 – 20

Under

# **FACULTY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY**

(As per AICTE guidelines with effect from the academic year 2019–2020)

AC: 23/7/2020 Item No. 127

# **UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI**



# **Syllabus for Approval**

Date

Sr. No.	Heading	Particulars
1	Title of the Course	Second Year B.E. Computer Engineering
2	Eligibility for Admission	After Passing First Year Engineering as per the Ordinance 0.6242
3	Passing Marks	40%
4	Ordinances / Regulations ( if any)	Ordinance 0.6242
5	No. of Years / Semesters	8 semesters
6	Level	P.G. / U.G./-Diploma / Certificate (Strike out which is not applicable)
7	Pattern	<del>Yearly</del> / <b>Semester</b> (Strike out which is not applicable )
8	Status	<b>New</b> / <del>Revised</del> (Strike out which is not applicable )
9	To be implemented from Academic Year	With effect from Academic Year: 2020-2021

Dr. S. K. Ukarande Associate Dean Faculty of Science and Technology University of Mumbai Dr Anuradha Muzumdar Dean Faculty of Science and Technology University of Mumbai

## Preamble

To meet the challenge of ensuring excellence in engineering education, the issue of quality needs to be addressed, debated and taken forward in a systematic manner. Accreditation is the principal means of quality assurance in higher education. The major emphasis of accreditation process is to measure the outcomes of the program that is being accredited. In line with this Faculty of Science and Technology (in particular Engineering)of University of Mumbai has taken a lead in incorporating philosophy of outcome based education in the process of curriculum development.

Faculty resolved that course objectives and course outcomes are to be clearly defined for each course, so that all faculty members in affiliated institutes understand the depth and approach of course to be taught, which will enhance learner's learning process. Choice based Credit and grading system enables a much-required shift in focus from teacher-centric to learner-centric education since the workload estimated is based on the investment of time in learning and not in teaching. It also focuses on continuous evaluation which will enhance the quality of education. Credit assignment for courses is based on 15 weeks teaching learning process, however content of courses is to be taught in 13 weeks and remaining 2 weeks to be utilized for revision, guest lectures, coverage of content beyond syllabus etc.

There was a concern that the earlier revised curriculum more focused on providing information and knowledge across various domains of the said program, which led to heavily loading of students in terms of direct contact hours. In this regard, faculty of science and technology resolved that to minimize the burden of contact hours, total credits of entire program will be of 170, wherein focus is not only on providing knowledge but also on building skills, attitude and self learning. Therefore in the present curriculum skill based laboratories and mini projects are made mandatory across all disciplines of engineering in second and third year of programs, which will definitely facilitate self learning of students. The overall credits and approach of curriculum proposed in the present revision is in line with AICTE model curriculum.

The present curriculum will be implemented for Second Year of Engineering from the academic year 2020-21. Subsequently this will be carried forward for Third Year and Final Year Engineering in the academic years 2021-22, 2022-23, respectively.

Dr. S. K. Ukarande Associate Dean Faculty of Science and Technology University of Mumbai Dr Anuradha Muzumdar Dean Faculty of Science and Technology University of Mumbai

# Incorporation and Implementation of Online Contents from <u>NPTEL/ Swayam Platform</u>

The curriculum revision is mainly focused on knowledge component, skill based activities and project based activities. Self learning opportunities are provided to learners. In the revision process this time in particular Revised syllabus of 'C ' scheme wherever possible additional resource links of platforms such as NPTEL, Swayam are appropriately provided. In an earlier revision of curriculum in the year 2012 and 2016 in Revised scheme 'A' and 'B' respectively, efforts were made to use online contents more appropriately as additional learning materials to enhance learning of students.

In the current revision based on the recommendation of AICTE model curriculum overall credits are reduced to 171, to provide opportunity of self learning to learner. Learners are now getting sufficient time for self learning either through online courses or additional projects for enhancing their knowledge and skill sets.

The Principals/ HoD's/ Faculties of all the institute are required to motivate and encourage learners to use additional online resources available on platforms such as NPTEL/ Swayam. Learners can be advised to take up online courses, on successful completion they are required to submit certification for the same. This will definitely help learners to facilitate their enhanced learning based on their interest.

Dr. S. K. Ukarande Associate Dean Faculty of Science and Technology University of Mumbai Dr Anuradha Muzumdar Dean Faculty of Science and Technology University of Mumbai

# Preface by Board of Studies in Computer Engineering

Dear Students and Teachers, we, the members of Board of Studies Computer Engineering, are very happy to present Second Year Computer Engineering syllabus effective from the Academic Year 2020-21 (REV-2019'C' Scheme). We are sure you will find this syllabus interesting and challenging.

Computer Engineering is one of the most sought-after courses amongst engineering students hence there is a continuous requirement of revision of syllabus. The syllabus focuses on providing a sound theoretical background as well as good practical exposure to students in the relevant areas. It is intended to provide a modern, industry-oriented education in Computer Engineering. It aims at producing trained professionals who can successfully acquainted with the demands of the industry worldwide. They obtain skills and experience in up-to-date the knowledge to analysis, design, implementation, validation, and documentation of computer software and systems.

The revised syllabus falls in line with the objectives of affiliating University, AICTE, UGC, and various accreditation agencies by keeping an eye on the technological developments, innovations, and industry requirements.

The salient features of the revised syllabus are:

- 1. Reduction in credits to 170 is implemented to ensure that students have more time for extracurricular activities, innovations, and research.
- 2. Introduction of Skill Based Lab and Mini Project to showcase their talent by doing innovative projects that strengthen their profile and increases the chance of employability.
- 3. Students are encouraged to take up part of course through MOOCs platform SWAYAM

We would like to place on record our gratefulness to the faculty, students, industry experts and stakeholders for having helped us in the formulation of this syllabus.

#### **Board of Studies in Computer Engineering**

Prof. Sunil Bhirud	: Chairman
Prof. Madhumita Chatterjee	: Member
Prof. Sunita Patil	: Member
Prof. Leena Raga	: Member
Prof. Subhash Shinde	: Member
Prof. Meera Narvekar	: Member
Prof. Suprtim Biswas	: Member
Prof. Sudhir Sawarkar	: Member
Prof. Dayanand Ingle	: Member
Prof. Satish Ket	: Member

## Program Structure for Second Year Computer Engineering UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI (With Effect from 2020-2021)

## Semester IV

Course Code	Course Name	Teaching Scheme (Contact Hours)			Credits Assigned				
Code		Theory	Prac	<b>t.</b> 1	Fut.	Theory	Pract.	Tut.	Total
CSC401	Engineering Mathematics- IV	3			1*	3		1	4
CSC402	Analysis of Algorithm	3				3			3
CSC403	Database Management System	3				3			3
CSC404	Operating System	3				3			3
CSC405	Microprocessor	3				3			3
CSL401	Analysis of Algorithm Lab		2				1		1
CSL402	Database Management System Lab		2				1		1
CSL403	Operating System Lab		2				1		1
CSL404	Microprocessor Lab		2				1		1
CSL405	Skill Base Lab Course: Python Programming		2*+2	2		2			2
CSM401	Mini Project 1-B		4\$				2		2
Total		15	16		1	15	7	1	24
			Examination Scheme						
		Theory					Term Work	Pract & oral	Total
Course Code	Course Name	Intern	al Assess	ment	End Sem. Exam		n. ion		
		Test 1	Test 2	Avg.					
CSC401	Engineering Mathematics- IV	20	20	20	80	3	25		125
CSC402	Analysis of Algorithm	20	20	20	80	3			100
CSC403	Database Management System	20	20	20	80	3			100
CSC404	Operating System	20	20	20	80	3			100
CSC405	Microprocessor         20         20         20         80         3				100				
CSL401	Analysis of Algorithm Lab						25	25	50
CSL402	Database Management System Lab						25	25	50
CSL403	Operating System Lab						25	25	50
CSL404	Microprocessor Lab						25		25
CSL405	Skill Base Lab Course: Python Programming						25		25
CSM401	Mini Project 1-B						25	25	50
Total				100	400		175	100	775

\*Should be conducted batchwise and

\$ indicates workload of Learner (Not Faculty), Students can form groups with minimum 2 (Two) and not more than 4 (Four), Faculty Load: 1 hour per week per four groups.

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CSC401	Engineering Mathematics-IV	4

Pre-requisite:	Engineering	Mathematics-I,	Engineering	Mathematics-II,	Engineering
Mathematics-III, Binomial Distribution.					

Course Objectives: The course aims to learn:

1 Matrix algebra to understand engineering problems.

2 Line and Contour integrals and expansion of a complex valued function in a power series.

3 Z-Transforms and Inverse Z-Transforms with its properties.

4 The concepts of probability distributions and sampling theory for small samples.

5 Linear and Non-linear programming problems of optimization.

Course Outcomes: On successful completion, of course, learner/student will be able to:

1 Apply the concepts of eigenvalues and eigenvectors in engineering problems.

2 Use the concepts of Complex Integration for evaluating integrals, computing residues & evaluate various contour integrals.

3 Apply the concept of Z- transformation and inverse in engineering problems.

4 Use the concept of probability distribution and sampling theory to engineering problems.

5 Apply the concept of Linear Programming Problems to optimization.

6 Solve Non-Linear Programming Problems for optimization of engineering problems.

Module	Det	ailed Contents	Hours	
1	Lin	ear Algebra (Theory of Matrices)	7	
	1.1	Characteristic Equation, Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors, and properties		
		(without proof)		
	1.2	Cayley-Hamilton Theorem (without proof), verification and reduction		
		of higher degree polynomials		
	1.3	Similarity of matrices, diagonalizable and non-diagonalizable matrices		
	1.4			
		Functions of Square Matrix, Linear Transformations, Quadratic forms.		
2	Con	nplex Integration	7	
	2.1	Line Integral, Cauchy's Integral theorem for simple connected and		
		multiply connected regions (without proof), Cauchy's Integral formula		
		(without proof).		
	2.2 Taylor's and Laurent's series (without proof).			
	2.3 Definition of Singularity, Zeroes, poles of $f(z)$ , Residues, Cauchy's			
	Residue Theorem (without proof)			
	2.4 Self-learning Topics: Application of Residue Theorem to evaluate real			
		integrations.		
3		ransform	5	
	3.1	Definition and Region of Convergence, Transform of Standard		
		Functions:		
		$\{k^{n}a^{k}\}, \{a^{ k }\}, \{k^{+n}n C. a^{k}\}, \{c^{k}\sin(\alpha k + \beta)\}, \{c^{k}\sinh\alpha k\}, \{c^{k}\cosh\alpha k\}.$		
	3.2	Properties of Z Transform: Change of Scale, Shifting Property,		
	Multiplication, and Division by k, Convolution theorem.			
	3.3 Inverse Z transform: Partial Fraction Method, Convolution Method.			
	3.4	Self-learning Topics: Initial value theorem, Final value theorem,		
		Inverse of Z Transform by Binomial Expansion		
4		bability Distribution and Sampling Theory	7	
	4.1	Probability Distribution: Poisson and Normal distribution		

	4.2	Sampling distribution, Test of Hypothesis, Level of Significance, Critical region, One-tailed, and two-tailed test, Degree of freedom. Students' t-distribution (Small sample). Test the significance of mean				
	and Difference between the means of two samples. Chi-Square Test: Test of goodness of fit and independence of attributes, Contingency table.					
	4.4					
5	Line	ear Programming Problems	6			
	5.1	Types of solutions, Standard and Canonical of LPP, Basic and Feasible				
	5.2	solutions, slack variables, surplus variables, Simplex method.				
	5.2 Artificial variables, Big-M method (Method of penalty)					
	5.3					
	5.4	<b>Self-learning Topics:</b> Sensitivity Analysis, Two-Phase Simplex Method, Revised Simplex Method.				
6	No	onlinear Programming Problems	7			
	6.1	NLPP with one equality constraint (two or three variables) using the				
		method of Lagrange's multipliers				
	6.2	NLPP with two equality constraints				
	6.3	6.3 NLPP with inequality constraint: Kuhn-Tucker conditions				
	6.4					
		Unconstrained optimization: One-dimensional search method (Golden				
		Search method, Newton's method). Gradient Search method				

Refe	References:				
1	Erwin Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley & Sons.				
2	R. K. Jain and S. R. K. Iyengar, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Narosa.				
3	Brown and Churchill, "Complex Variables and Applications", McGraw-Hill Education.				
4	T. Veerarajan, "Probability, Statistics and Random Processes", McGraw-Hill Education.				
5	Hamdy A Taha, "Operations Research: An Introduction", Pearson.				
6	S.S. Rao, "Engineering Optimization: Theory and Practice", Wiley-Blackwell.				
7	Hira and Gupta, "Operations Research", S. Chand Publication.				

### Term Work:

Gene	General Instructions:				
1	Batch wise tutorial shave to be conducted. The number of students per batch will be as per				
	University pattern for practical.				
2	Students must be encouraged to write at least 6 class tutoria	ls on the entire syllabus.			
3	A group of 4-6 students should be assigned a self-learning topic. Students should prepare a				
	presentation/problem solving of 10-15 minutes. This will be considered as a mini project in				
	Engineering Mathematics. This project will be graded out of 10 marks depending on the				
	performance of the students.				
The	The distribution of Term Work marks will be as follows:				
1	Attendance (Theory and Tutorial)	05 marks			
2	Class Tutorials on entire syllabus	10 marks			
3	Mini project	10 marks			

#### Assessment:

#### **Internal Assessment Test:**

The assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The 1stclass test (Internal Assessment I) has to be conducted when approximately 40% of the syllabus is completed. The  $2^{nd}$  class test has to be conducted (Internal Assessment II) when an additional 35% syllabus is

completed.	The durati	on of each	test will l	be for one hour.

End	End Semester Theory Examination:					
1	The question paper will comprise a total of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks.					
2	Out of the 6 questions, 4 questions have to be attempted.					
3	Question 1, based on the entire syllabus, will have 4sub-questions of 5 marks each and is					
	compulsory.					
4	Question 2 to Question 6 will have 3 sub-questions, each of 6, 6, and 8 marks, respectively.					
5	Each sub-question in (4) will be from different modules of the syllabus.					
6	Weightage of each module will be proportional to the number of lecture hours, as					
	mentioned in the syllabus.					

Analysis of Algorithms

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Pr	Prerequisite: Data structure concepts, Discrete structures			
Co	Course Objectives:			
1	To provide mathematical approaches for Analysis of Algorithms			
2	To understand and solve problems using various algorithmic approaches			
3	To analyze algorithms using various methods			
<b>Course Outcomes:</b> At the end of the course learner will be able to				
1	1       Analyze the running time and space complexity of algorithms.			
2	Describe, apply and analyze the complexity of divide and conquer strategy.			
3	Describe, apply and analyze the complexity of greedy strategy.			
4	Describe, apply and analyze the complexity of dynamic programming strategy.			
5	Explain and apply backtracking, branch and bound.			
6	Explain and apply string matching techniques			

6 Explain and apply string matching techniques.

Module		Detailed Contents	Hours
1		Introduction	8
	1.1	Performance analysis, space, and time complexity Growth of function,	
		Big-Oh, Omega Theta notation Mathematical background for algorithm	
		analysis.	
		Complexity class: Definition of P, NP, NP-Hard, NP-Complete	
		Analysis of selection sort, insertion sort.	
	1.2	Recurrences: The substitution method, Recursion tree method, Master	
		method	
2		Divide and Conquer Approach	6
	2.1	General method, Merge sort, Quick sort, Finding minimum and	
		maximum algorithms and their Analysis, Analysis of Binary search.	
3		Greedy Method Approach	6
	3.1	General Method, Single source shortest path: Dijkstra Algorithm	
		Fractional Knapsack problem, Job sequencing with deadlines,	
		Minimum cost spanning trees: Kruskal and Prim's algorithms	
4		Dynamic Programming Approach	9
	4.1	General Method, Multistage graphs, Single source shortest path:	
		Bellman Ford Algorithm	
		All pair shortest path: Floyd Warshall Algorithm, Assembly-line	
		scheduling Problem0/1 knapsack Problem, Travelling Salesperson	
		problem, Longest common subsequence	
5		Backtracking and Branch and bound	6
	5.1	General Method, Backtracking: N-queen problem, Sum of subsets,	
		Graph coloring	
	5.2	Branch and Bound: Travelling Salesperson Problem, 15 Puzzle problem	
6		String Matching Algorithms	4
	6.1	The Naïve string-matching algorithm, The Rabin Karp algorithm, The	
		Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm	

Tex	Textbooks:					
1	T. H. Cormen, C.E. Leiserson, R. L. Rivest, and C. Stein, "Introduction to algorithms", 2 <sup>nd</sup>					
	Edition, PHI Publication 2005.					
2	Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, S. Rajsekaran. "Fundamentals of computer algorithms"					
	University Press.					

	References:					
	1	Sanjoy Dasgupta, Christos Papadimitriou, Umesh Vazirani, "Algorithms", Tata McGraw-				
		Hill Edition.				
1	2					

2 S. K. Basu, "Design Methods and Analysis of Algorithm", PHI

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Assess	Assessment:			
Intern	Internal Assessment:			
	sment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted			
when a	approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is			
compl	eted. Duration of each test shall be one hour.			
End S	End Semester Theory Examination:			
1 (	1 Question paper will comprise of total six questions.			
2 A	All question carries equal marks			
3 (	Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3			
t	then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)			
4 (	Only Four question need to be solved.			
5 I	in question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective			
1	ecture hours as mention in the syllabus.			

Use	Useful Links		
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106131/		
2	https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc19_cs47/preview_		
3	https://www.coursera.org/specializations/algorithms		
4	https://www.mooc-list.com/tags/algorithms		

Course Code:	Course Title	Credit
CSC403	Database Management System	3

Pr	Prerequisite: Data Structures			
Co	Course Objectives:			
1	Develop entity relationship data model and its mapping to relational model			
2	Learn relational algebra and Formulate SQL queries			
3	Apply normalization techniques to normalize the database			
4	Understand concept of transaction, concurrency control and recovery techniques.			
Co	ourse Outcomes:			
1	Recognize the need of database management system			
2	Design ER and EER diagram for real life applications			
3	Construct relational model and write relational algebra queries.			
4	Formulate SQL queries			
5	Apply the concept of normalization to relational database design.			
6	Describe the concept of transaction, concurrency and recovery.			

Module		Content	Hrs
1		Introduction Database Concepts	3
	1.1	Introduction, Characteristics of databases, File system v/s Database system, Data abstraction and data Independence, DBMS system architecture, Database Administrator	
2		Entity–Relationship Data Model	6
	2.1	The Entity-Relationship (ER) Model: Entity types: Weak and strong entity sets, Entity sets, Types of Attributes, Keys, Relationship constraints: Cardinality and Participation, Extended Entity-Relationship (EER) Model: Generalization, Specialization and Aggregation	
3		Relational Model and relational Algebra	8
	3.1	Introduction to the Relational Model, relational schema and concept of keys. Mapping the ER and EER Model to the Relational Model, Relational Algebra-operators, Relational Algebra Queries.	
4		Structured Query Language (SQL)	6
	4.1	Overview of SQL, Data Definition Commands, Integrity constraints: key constraints, Domain Constraints, Referential integrity, check constraints, Data Manipulation commands, Data Control commands, Set and string operations, aggregate function-group by, having, Views in SQL, joins, Nested and complex queries, Triggers	
5		Relational-Database Design	6
	5.1	Pitfalls in Relational-Database designs, Concept of normalization, Function Dependencies, First Normal Form, 2NF, 3NF, BCNF.	
6		Transactions Management and Concurrency and Recovery	10
	6.1	Transaction concept, Transaction states, ACID properties, Transaction Control Commands, Concurrent Executions, Serializability-Conflict and View, Concurrency Control: Lock-based, Timestamp-based protocols, Recovery System: Log based recovery, Deadlock handling	

Textbooks:						
1	Korth, Slberchatz, Sudarshan, Database System Concepts, 6 <sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill					
2	Elmasri and Navathe, Fundamentals of Database Systems, 5 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education					
3	Raghu Ramkrishnan and Johannes Gehrke, Database Management Systems, TMH					
References:						
1	Peter Rob and Carlos Coronel, Database Systems Design, Implementation and					
	Management <sup>II</sup> , Thomson Learning, 5 <sup>th</sup> Edition.					

2	Dr. P.S. Desh	pande, SQL and P	L/SQL for Orac	cle 10g, Black B	ook, Dreamtech Press.
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2 G. K. Gupta, Database Management Systems, McGraw Hill, 2012

#### Assessment:

#### **Internal Assessment:**

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

#### **End Semester Theory Examination:**

1	Question paper will comprise of total six questions.
2	All question carries equal marks
3	Questions will be mixed in nature (for example supposed Q.2 has part (a) from module 3
	then part (b) will be from any module other than module 3)

- 4 Only Four question need to be solved.
- In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective 5 lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.

#### Useful Links

USU	Useful Links		
1	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105175/		
2	https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc19_cs46/preview_		
3	https://www.classcentral.com/course/swayam-database-management-system-9914		
4	https://www.mooc-list.com/tags/dbms		

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSC404	<b>Operating System</b>	03

Pr	Prerequisites: Data structures and Computer architecture						
Co	purse Objectives:						
1	1. To introduce basic concepts and functions of operating systems.						
2	2. To understand the concept of process, thread and resource management.						
3	3. To understand the concepts of process synchronization and deadlock.						
4	4. To understand various Memory, I/O and File management techniques.						
Co	ourse Outcome:						
1 Understand the objectives, functions and structure of OS							
2	Analyze the concept of process management and evaluate performance of processscheduling						
	algorithms.						
3	Understand and apply the concepts of synchronization and deadlocks						
4	Evaluate performance of Memory allocation and replacement policies						
5	Understand the concepts of file management.						
	Apply concepts of I/O management and analyze techniques of disk scheduling.						

Module	Detailed Content     H		Hours
1	Ope	erating system Overview	4
	1.1	Introduction, Objectives, Functions and Evolution of Operating System	
	1.2	Operating system structures: Layered, Monolithic and Microkernel	
	1.3	Linux Kernel, Shell and System Calls	
2	Pro	cess and Process Scheduling	9
	2.1	Concept of a Process, Process States, Process Description, Process Control Block.	
	2.2	Uniprocessor Scheduling-Types: Preemptive and Non-preemptive scheduling algorithms (FCFS, SJF, SRTN, Priority, RR)	
	2.3	Threads: Definition and Types, Concept of Multithreading	
3	Pro	cess Synchronization and Deadlocks	9
	3.1	Concurrency: Principles of Concurrency, Inter-Process Communication, Process Synchronization.	
	3.2	Mutual Exclusion: Requirements, Hardware Support (TSL), Operating System Support (Semaphores), Producer and Consumer problem.	
	3.3	Principles of Deadlock: Conditions and Resource, Allocation Graphs, Deadlock Prevention, Deadlock Avoidance: Banker"s Algorithm, Deadlock Detection and Recovery, Dining Philosophers Problem.	
4	Mer	nory Management	9
	4.1	Memory Management Requirements, Memory Partitioning: Fixed, Partitioning, Dynamic Partitioning, Memory Allocation Strategies: Best-Fit, First Fit, Worst Fit, Paging and Segmentation, TLB	
	4.2	Virtual Memory: Demand Paging, Page Replacement Strategies: FIFO, Optimal, LRU, Thrashing	
5		File Management	4

	5.1	Overview, File Organization and Access, File Directories, File Sharing	
(			
6		I/O management	4
	6.1	I/O devices, Organization of the I/O Function, Disk Organization, I/O	
		Management and Disk Scheduling: FCFS, SSTF, SCAN, CSCAN,	
		LOOK, C-LOOK.	

Text	Textbooks:				
1	William Stallings, Operating System: Internals and Design Principles, Prentice Hall,				
	8 <sup>th</sup> Edition, 2014, ISBN-10: 0133805913 • ISBN-13: 9780133805918.				
2	Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin and Greg Gagne, Operating System Concepts,				
	John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 9th Edition, 2016, ISBN 978-81-265-5427-0				
Refe	erences:				
1	Achyut Godbole and Atul Kahate, Operating Systems, McGraw Hill Education, 3rd Edition				
2	Andrew Tannenbaum, Operating System Design and Implementation, Pearson, 3rdEdition.				
3	Maurice J. Bach, "Design of UNIX Operating System", PHI				
4	Sumitabha Das, "UNIX: Concepts and Applications", McGraw Hill, 4thEdition				

#### Assessment:

#### **Internal Assessment:**

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

#### **End Semester Theory Examination:**

- 2 The students need to solve total 4 questions.
- 3 Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus.
- 4 Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules

Use	Useful Links		
1 https://swayam.gov.in/nd1 noc19 cs50/preview			
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117/106/117106113/		
3	https://www.classcentral.com/course/swayam-introduction-to-operating-systems-6559		

Course Code	Course Name	Credits
CSC405	Microprocessor	3

Pr	Prerequisites: Digital Logic and Computer Architecture				
Co	Course objectives:				
1	To equip students with the fundamental knowledge and basic technical competence in thefield of Microprocessors.				
2	To emphasize on instruction set and logic to build assembly language programs.				
3	To prepare students for higher processor architectures and embedded systems				
<b>C</b> (1	<b>Durse outcomes:</b> On successful completion of course, learner will be able to: Describe core concepts of 8086 microprocessor.				
2	Interpret the instructions of 8086 and write assembly and Mixed language programs.				
3	Identify the specifications of peripheral chip.				
4	Design 8086 based system using memory and peripheral chips.				
5	Appraise the architecture of advanced processors				
6	Understand hyperthreading technology				

Module	Deta	ailed Contents	Hours
1	The	Intel Microprocessors 8086 Architecture	8
	1.1	8086CPU Architecture,	
	1.2	Programmer's Model	
	1.3	Functional Pin Diagram	
	1.4	Memory Segmentation	
	1.5	Banking in 8086	
	1.6	Demultiplexing of Address/Data bus	
	1.7	Functioning of 8086 in Minimum mode and Maximum mode	
	1.8	Timing diagrams for Read and Write operations in minimum and	
		maximum mode	
	1.9	Interrupt structure and its servicing	
2	Inst	ruction Set and Programming	6
	2.1	Addressing Modes	
	2.2	Instruction set-Data Transfer Instructions, String Instructions, Logical	
		Instructions, Arithmetic Instructions, Transfer of Control Instructions,	
		Processor Control Instructions	
	2.3		
		Procedures	
3	Mer	nory and Peripherals interfacing	8
	3.1	Memory Interfacing - RAM and ROM Decoding Techniques – Partial and Absolute	
	3.2	8255-PPI-Block diagram, CWR, operating modes, interfacing with 8086.	
	3.3	8257-DMAC-Block diagram, DMA operations and transfer modes.	
	3.4	Programmable Interrupt Controller 8259-Block Diagram, Interfacing	
		the 8259 in single and cascaded mode.	
4		l 80386DX Processor	7
	4.1	Architecture of 80386 microprocessor	
	4.2	80386 registers-General purpose Registers, EFLAGS and Control	

		registers	
	4.3		
	4.4	80386 memory management in Protected Mode - Descriptors and	
		selectors, descriptor tables, the memory paging mechanism	
5	Pen	tium Processor	6
	5.1	Pentium Architecture	
	5.2	Superscalar Operation,	
	5.3	Integer & Floating-Point Pipeline Stages,	
	5.4	Branch Prediction Logic,	
	5.5	Cache Organization and	
	5.6	MESI protocol	
6	Pen	tium 4	4
	6.1	Comparative study of 8086, 80386, Pentium I, Pentium II and Pentium	
		III	
	6.2	Pentium 4: Net burst micro architecture.	
	6.3	Instruction translation look aside buffer and branch prediction	
	6.4	Hyper threading technology and its use in Pentium 4	

### Taythooks

I ext	extbooks:			
1	John Uffenbeck, "8086/8088 family: Design Programming and Interfacing", PHI.			
2	Yu-Cheng Liu, Glenn A. Gibson, "Microcomputer System: The 8086/8088 Family,			
	Architecture, Programming and Design", Prentice Hall			
3	Walter A. Triebel, "The 80386DX Microprocessor: hardware, Software and Interfacing",			
	Prentice Hall			
4	Tom Shanley and Don Anderson, "Pentium Processor System Architecture", Addison-			
	Wesley.			
5	K. M. Bhurchandani and A. K. Ray, "Advanced Microprocessors and Peripherals",			
	McGraw Hill			
Refe	References:			

#### eference

1	Barry B. Brey, "Intel Microprocessors", 8th Edition, Pearson Education India
2	Douglas Hall, "Microprocessor and Interfacing", Tata McGraw Hill.
3	Intel Manual
4	Peter Abel, "IBM PC Assembly language and Programming", 5th Edition, PHI
5	James Antonakons, "The Pentium Microprocessor", Pearson Education

#### Assessment:

#### **Internal Assessment Test:**

Assessment consists of two class tests of 20 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 40% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

#### **End Semester Theory Examination:**

- Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 20 marks. 1
- 2 The students need to solve total 4 questions.
- 3 Question No.1 will be compulsory and based on entire syllabus.
- 4 Remaining question (Q.2 to Q.6) will be selected from all the modules.

#### Useful Links

1	https://swayam.gov.in/nd1 noc20 ee11/preview
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105102/
3	https://www.classcentral.com/course/swayam-microprocessors-and-microcontrollers-9894
4	https://www.mooc-list.com/tags/microprocessors

Course Name	Lab Name	Credit
CSL401	Analysis of Algorithms Lab	1

#### Prerequisite: Basic knowledge of programming and data structure

#### Lab Objectives:

1 To introduce the methods of designing and analyzing algorithms

2 Design and implement efficient algorithms for a specified application

- 3 Strengthen the ability to identify and apply the suitable algorithm for the given real-world problem.
- 4 Analyze worst-case running time of algorithms and understand fundamental algorithmic problems.

Lab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- 1 Implement the algorithms using different approaches.
- 2 Analyze the complexities of various algorithms.
- 3 Compare the complexity of the algorithms for specific problem.

Descrip	tion	
Implem	entatio	on can be in any language.
	ted Pr	actical List:
Sr No Suggested Experiment List		Suggested Experiment List
1		Introduction
	1.1	Selection sort, Insertion sort
2		Divide and Conquer Approach
	2.1	Finding Minimum and Maximum, Merge sort, Quick sort, Binary search
3		Greedy Method Approach
	3.1	Single source shortest path- Dijkstra
		Fractional Knapsack problem
		Job sequencing with deadlines
		Minimum cost spanning trees-Kruskal and Prim's algorithm
4		Dynamic Programming Approach
	4.1	Single source shortest path- Bellman Ford
		All pair shortest path- Floyd Warshall
		0/1 knapsack
		Travelling salesperson problem
		Longest common subsequence
5		Backtracking and Branch and bound
	5.1	N-queen problem
		Sum of subsets
		Graph coloring
6	1	String Matching Algorithms
	6.1	The Naïve string-matching Algorithms
		The Rabin Karp algorithm
		The Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm

Te	Term Work:		
1	Term work should consist of 10 experiments.		
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments on content of theory and practical of "Analysis of Algorithms"		
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.		
4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory& Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)		
0	Oral & Practical exam Based on the entire syllabus of CSC402: Analysis of Algorithms		

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSL402	Database Management system Lab	1

Pr	Prerequisite: Discrete Structures				
La	ab Objectives:				
1	To explore design and develop of relational model				
2	To present SQL and procedural interfaces to SQL comprehensively				
3	To introduce the concepts of transactions and transaction processing				
La	ab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to				
1	Design ER /EER diagram and convert to relational model for the realworld application.				
2	Apply DDL, DML, DCL and TCL commands				
3	Write simple and complex queries				
4	UsePL / SQL Constructs.				
5	Demonstrate the concept of concurrent transactions execution and frontend-backend				
	connectivity				

Sugge	uggested List of Experiments		
Sr. No.	Title of Experiment		
1	Identify the case study and detail statement of problem. Design an Entity-Relationship (ER) / Extended Entity-Relationship (EER) Model.		
2	Mapping ER/EER to Relational schema model.		
3	Create a database using Data Definition Language (DDL) and apply integrity constraints for the specified System		
4	Apply DML Commands for the specified system		
5	Perform Simple queries, string manipulation operations and aggregate functions.		
6	Implement various Join operations.		
7	Perform Nested and Complex queries		
8	Perform DCL and TCL commands		
9	Implement procedure and functions		
10	Implementation of Views and Triggers.		
11	Demonstrate Database connectivity		
12	Implementation and demonstration of Transaction and Concurrency control techniques using locks.		

Te	Term Work:			
1	Term work should consist of 10 experiments.			
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments on content of theory and practical of "Database			
	Management System"			
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of			
	laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.			
4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory& Practical: 05-marks,			
	Assignments: 05-marks)			
0	Oral & Practical exam			

Course Code	Course Name	Credit
CSL403	<b>Operating System Lab</b>	01

Based on the entire syllabus of CSC403: Database Management System

Pr	rerequisite: Knowledge on Operating system principles
La	ab Objectives:
1	To gain practical experience with designing and implementing concepts of operating
	systems such as system calls, CPU scheduling, process management, memory management,
	file systems and deadlock handling using C language in Linux environment.
2	To familiarize students with the architecture of Linux OS.
3	To provide necessary skills for developing and debugging programs in Linux environment.
4	To learn programmatically to implement simple operation system mechanisms
L	ab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to
1	Demonstrate basic Operating system Commands, Shell scripts, System Calls and API wrt
	Linux
2	Implement various process scheduling algorithms and evaluate their performance.
3	Implement and analyze concepts of synchronization and deadlocks.
4	Implement various Memory Management techniques and evaluate their performance.
5	Implement and analyze concepts of virtual memory.
6	Demonstrate and analyze concepts of file management and I/O management techniques.

Sugge	Suggested List of Experiments			
Sr.		Content		
No.				
1		Explore Linux Commands		
	1.1	Explore usage of basic Linux Commands and system calls for file, directory		
		and process management.		
		For eg: (mkdir, chdir, cat, ls, chown, chmod, chgrp, ps etc.		
		system calls: open, read, write, close, getpid, setpid, getuid, getgid, getegid,		
		geteuid. sort, grep, awk, etc.)		
2		Linux shell script		
	2.1	Write shell scripts to do the following:		
		a. Display OS version, release number, kernel version		
		b. Display top 10 processes in descending order		
		c. Display processes with highest memory usage.		
		d. Display current logged in user and log name.		
		Display current shell, home directory, operating system type, current path setting,		
		current working directory.		
3		Linux- API		
	3.1	Implement any one basic commands of linux like ls, cp, mv and others using		
		kernel APIs.		
4		Linux- Process		
	4.1	a. Create a child process in Linux using the fork system call. From the child		
		process obtain the process ID of both child and parent by using getpid and		
		getppid system call.		
		b. Explore wait and waitpid before termination of process.		
5		Process Management: Scheduling		

	5.1	a. Write a program to demonstrate the concept of non-preemptive scheduling			
		algorithms.			
		b. Write a program to demonstrate the concept of preemptive scheduling			
		algorithms			
6		Process Management: Synchronization			
	6.1	a. Write a C program to implement solution of Producer consumer problem			
		through Semaphore			
7		Process Management: Deadlock			
,	7.1	a. Write a program to demonstrate the concept of deadlock avoidance through			
		Banker's Algorithm			
		b. Write a program demonstrate the concept of Dining Philospher's Problem			
8		Memory Management			
	8.1	a. Write a program to demonstrate the concept of MVT and MFT memory			
		management techniques			
		b. Write a program to demonstrate the concept of dynamic partitioning placement			
		algorithms i.e. Best Fit, First Fit, Worst-Fit etc.			
9		Memory Management: Virtual Memory			
	9.1	a. Write a program to demonstrate the concept of demand paging for simulation			
		of Virtual Memory implementation			
		b. Write a program in C demonstrate the concept of page replacement policies for			
		handling page faults eg: FIFO, LRU etc.			
10		File Management & I/O Management			
	10.1	a. Write a C program to simulate File allocation strategies typically sequential,			
		indexed and linked files			
		b. Write a C program to simulate file organization of multi-level directory			
		structure.			
		c. Write a program in C to do disk scheduling - FCFS, SCAN, C-SCAN			

Te	erm Work:	
1	Term work should consist of 10 experiments covering all modules.	
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments on content of theory and practical of "Database	
	Management System"	
3	The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of	
	laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.	
4	Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory& Practical: 05-marks,	
	Assignments: 05-marks)	
O	ral & Practical exam	

Based on the entire syllabus of CSC405: Operating System.

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credits
CSL404	Microprocessor Lab	1

 Prerequisite: Basic knowledge digital integrated circuits

 Lab Objectives:

 1
 To emphasize on use of Assembly language program.

 2
 To prepare students for advanced subjects like embedded system and IOT.

 Lab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to

 1
 Use appropriate instructions to program microprocessor to perform various task

 2
 Develop the program in assembly/ mixed language for Intel 8086 processor

 3
 Demonstrate the execution and debugging of assembly/ mixed language program

**Suggested List of Experiments: Title of Experiments** Sr. No. 1 Use of programming tools (Debug/TASM/MASM/8086kit) to perform basic arithmetic operations on 8-bit/16-bit data 2 Code conversion (Hex to BCD and BCD to Hex)/ (ASCII to BCD and BCD to ASCII) 3 Assembly programming for 16-bit addition, subtraction, multiplication and division (menu based) Assembly program based on string instructions (overlapping/non-overlapping block 4 transfer/ string search/ string length) Assembly program to display the contents of the flag register. 5 Any Mixed Language programs. 6 7 Assembly program to find the GCD/ LCM of two numbers Assembly program to sort numbers in ascending/ descending order 8 9 Any program using INT 10H Assembly program to find minimum/ maximum number from a given array. 10 Assembly Program to display a message in different color with blinking 11 Assembly program using procedure. 12 13 Assembly program using macro. 14 Program and interfacing using 8255. Program and interfacing of ADC/ DAC/ Stepper motor. 15

#### **Term Work:**

- Term work should consist of 10 experiments, out of theses at least one experiment on hardware interfacing.
   Journal must include at least 2 assignments on content of theory and practical of "Microprocessor"
   The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.
- 4 Total 25 Marks (Experiments: 15-marks, Attendance Theory& Practical: 05-marks, Assignments: 05-marks)

#### **Oral & Practical exam**

Based on the entire syllabus of CSL501and CSC501syllabus.

Lab Code	Lab Name	Credit
CSL405	Skill Base Lab Course: Python Programming	2

**Prerequisite:** Knowledge of some programming language like C, Java

#### Lab Objectives:

4	D · 0D	.1	•
	Basics of P	vthon prog	ramming
-		, mon prog	, anning

- 2 Decision Making, Data structure and Functions in Python
- 3 Object Oriented Programming using Python
- 4 Web framework for developing

Lab Outcomes: At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- 1 To understand basic concepts in python.
- 2 To explore contents of files, directories and text processing with python
- 3 To develop program for data structure using built in functions in python.
- 4 To explore django web framework for developing python-based web application.
- 5 To understand Multithreading concepts using python.

Module		Detailed Content	Hours
1		Python basics	5
	1.1	Data types in python, Operators in python, Input and Output, Control	
		statement, Arrays in python, String and Character in python, Functions,	
		List and Tuples, Dictionaries Exception, Introduction to OOP, Classes,	
		Objects, Interfaces, Inheritance	
2		Advanced Python	4
	2.1	Files in Python, Directories, Building Modules, Packages, Text Processing, Regular expression in python.	
3		Data Structure in Python	3
	3.1	Link List, Stack, Queues, Dequeues	
4		Python Integration Primer	4
	4.1	Graphical User interface, Networking in Python, Python database connectivity, Introduction to Django	
5		Multithreading	4
	5.1	Thread and Process, Starting a thread, Threading module, Synchronizing threads, Multithreaded Priority Queue	
6		NumPy and Pandas	6
	6.1	Creating NumPy arrays, Indexing and slicing in NumPy, creating	
		multidimensional arrays, NumPy Data types, Array Attribute, Indexing	
		and Slicing, Creating array views copies, Manipulating array shapes I/O	
	6.2	Basics of Pandas, Using multilevel series, Series and Data Frames,	
		Grouping, aggregating, Merge Data Frames	

Textbooks:		
1	Dr. R. Nageswara Rao, "Core Python Programming", Dreamtech Press	
2	Beginning Python: Using Python 2.6 and Python 3.1. James Payne, Wrox Publication	
3	Anurag Gupta, G. P. Biswas, "Python Programming", McGraw-Hill	
4	E. Balagurusamy, "Introduction to computing and problem-solving using python",	
	McGraw Hill Education	
References:		
1	1 Loom Dethon the Hand Way 21d Edition 7 od Charris Hand Way Sonia	

1 Learn Python the Hard Way, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Zed Shaw's Hard Way Series

2	Laura Cassell, Alan Gauld, "Python Projects", Wrox Publication
Digi	tal material:
1	"The Python Tutorial", http://docs.python.org/release/3.0.1/tutorial/
2	Beginning Perl, https://www.perl.org/books/beginning-perl/
3	http://spoken-tutorial.org
4	https://starcertification.org/Certifications/Certificate/python

Sugge	Suggested experiments using Python:				
Sr.	Title of Experiments				
No.					
1	Exploring basics of python like data types (strings, list, array, dictionaries, set, tuples) and control statements.				
2	Creating functions, classes and objects using python. Demonstrate exception handling and inheritance.				
3	Exploring Files and directories				
	a. Python program to append data to existing file and then display the entire file				
	b. Python program to count number of lines, words and characters in a file.				
	c. Python program to display file available in current directory				
4	Creating GUI with python containing widgets such as labels, textbox, radio, checkboxes and custom dialog boxes.				
5	Menu driven program for data structure using built in function for link list, stack and queue.				
6	Program to demonstrate CRUD (create, read, update and delete) operations on database (SQLite/ MySQL) using python.				
7	Creation of simple socket for basic information exchange between server and client.				
8	Creating web application using Django web framework to demonstrate functionality of user login and registration (also validating user detail using regular expression).				
9	Programs on Threading using python.				
10	Exploring basics of NumPy Methods.				
11	Program to demonstrate use of NumPy: Array objects.				
12	Program to demonstrate Data Series and Data Frames using Pandas.				
13	Program to send email and read content of URL.				

Te	Term Work:		
1	Term work should consist of 12 experiments.		
2	Journal must include at least 2 assignments		
3	Mini Project based on the content of the syllabus (Group of 2-3 students)		
4	4 The final certification and acceptance of term work ensures that satisfactory performance of		
	laboratory work and minimum passing marks in term work.		
5	Total 25 Marks (Journal: 10-marks, Attendance: 05-marks, and Mini Project: 10-marks)		

Course code	Course Name	Credits
CSM401	Mini Project B	02

Oh	jectives
1	To acquaint with the process of identifying the needs and converting it into the problem.
2	To familiarize the process of solving the problem in a group.
3	To acquaint with the process of applying basic engineering fundamentals to attempt
5	solutions to the problems.
4	To inculcate the process of self-learning and research.
4	To incurcate the process of sen-rearring and research.
	tcome: Learner will be able to
1	Identify problems based on societal /research needs.
2	Apply Knowledge and skill to solve societal problems in a group.
3	Develop interpersonal skills to work as member of a group or leader.
4	Draw the proper inferences from available results through theoretical/ experimental/simulations.
5	Analyze the impact of solutions in societal and environmental context for sustainable
5	development.
6	Use standard norms of engineering practices
7	Excel in written and oral communication.
8	Demonstrate capabilities of self-learning in a group, which leads to lifelong learning.
<u> </u>	
9	Demonstrate project management principles during project work.
Gu	idelines for Mini Project
1	Students shall form a group of 3 to 4 students, while forming a group shall not be allowed
1	less than three or more than four students, as it is a group activity.
2	Students should do survey and identify needs, which shall be converted into problem
2	statement for mini project in consultation with faculty supervisor/head of
	department/internal committee of faculties.
3	Students shall submit implementation plan in the form of Gantt/PERT/CPM chart, which
5	will cover weekly activity of mini project.
4	A logbook to be prepared by each group, wherein group can record weekly work progress,
4	guide/supervisor can verify and record notes/comments.
5	
3	Faculty supervisor may give inputs to students during mini project activity; however, focus
(	shall be on self-learning.
6	Students in a group shall understand problem effectively, propose multiple solution and
7	select best possible solution in consultation with guide/ supervisor.
7	Students shall convert the best solution into working model using various components of
0	their domain areas and demonstrate.
8	The solution to be validated with proper justification and report to be compiled in standard
	format of University of Mumbai.
9	With the focus on the self-learning, innovation, addressing societal problems and
	entrepreneurship quality development within the students through the Mini Projects, it is
	preferable that a single project of appropriate level and quality to be carried out in two
	semesters by all the groups of the students. i.e. Mini Project 1 in semester III and IV.
	Similarly, Mini Project 2 in semesters V and VI.
10	However, based on the individual students or group capability, with the mentor's
	recommendations, if the proposed Mini Project adhering to the qualitative aspects
	mentioned above gets completed in odd semester, then that group can be allowed to work
	on the extension of the Mini Project with suitable improvements/modifications or a
	completely new project idea in even semester. This policy can be adopted on case by case
	basis.

#### Term Work

The review/ progress monitoring committee shall be constituted by head of departments of each institute. The progress of mini project to be evaluated on continuous basis, minimum two reviews in each semester.

In continuous assessment focus shall also be on each individual student, assessment based on individual's contribution in group activity, their understanding and response to questions.

Distribution of Term work marks for both semesters shall be as below:		Marks
1	Marks awarded by guide/supervisor based on logbook	10
2	2 Marks awarded by review committee 10	
3	Quality of Project report	05

### Review / progress monitoring committee may consider following points for assessment based on either one year or half year project as mentioned in general guidelines

### **One-year project:**

- 1 In first semester entire theoretical solution shall be ready, including components/system selection and cost analysis. Two reviews will be conducted based on presentation given by students group.
  - First shall be for finalization of problem
  - Second shall be on finalization of proposed solution of problem.
- 2 In second semester expected work shall be procurement of component's/systems, building of working prototype, testing and validation of results based on work completed in an earlier semester.
  - First review is based on readiness of building working prototype to be conducted.
  - Second review shall be based on poster presentation cum demonstration of working model in last month of the said semester.

## Half-year project:

- 1 In this case in one semester students' group shall complete project in all aspects including,
  - Identification of need/problem
  - Proposed final solution
  - Procurement of components/systems
  - Building prototype and testing
- 2 Two reviews will be conducted for continuous assessment,
  - First shall be for finalization of problem and proposed solution
  - Second shall be for implementation and testing of solution.

## Assessment criteria of Mini Project.

Mini Project shall be assessed based on following criteria;

	;;;;;;;;	
1	Quality of survey/ need identification	
2	Clarity of Problem definition based on need.	
3	Innovativeness in solutions	
4	Feasibility of proposed problem solutions and selection of best solution	
5	Cost effectiveness	
6	Societal impact	
7	Innovativeness	

8	Cost effectiveness and Societal impact			
9	Full functioning of working model as per stated requirements			
10	Effective use of skill sets			
11	Effective use of standard engineering norms			
12	Contribution of an individual's as member or leader			
13	Clarity in written and oral communication			
	In <b>one year, project</b> , first semester evaluation may be based on first six criteria's and remaining may be used for second semester evaluation of performance of students in mini project.			
	In case of <b>half year project</b> all criteria's in generic may be considered for evaluation of performance of students in mini project.			
Guidelines for Assessment of Mini Project Practical/Oral Examination:				
1	Report should be prepared as per the guidelines issued by the University of Mumbai.			
2	Mini Project shall be assessed through a presentation and demonstration of working model by the student project group to a panel of Internal and External Examiners preferably from industry or research organizations having experience of more than five years approved by head of Institution.			
3	Students shall be motivated to publish a paper based on the work in Conferences/students competitions.			
Min	i Project shall be assessed based on following points;			
1	Quality of problem and Clarity			
2	Innovativeness in solutions			
3	Cost effectiveness and Societal impact			
4	Full functioning of working model as per stated requirements			
5	Effective use of skill sets			
6	Effective use of standard engineering norms			
7	Contribution of an individual's as member or leader			
8	Clarity in written and oral communication			