Q. P. Code: 27287

May-June 2018

(3 Hours) (Marks: 80

- N.B.: (1) Answer any four questions out of the six questions.
 - (2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - (3) Illustrate answers with neat sketches where ever required.
 - (4) Answers to the questions should be grouped and written together.
 - (5) Assume suitable data if required.
- 1. (a) Consider the problem for Graphical Method

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Max. $Z = 3X_1 + 5X_2$ Subject to, $X_1 + 2X_2 \le 2000$ $X_1 + X_2 \le 1500$ $X_2 \le 600$ $X_1, X_2 \ge 0$

(b) Explain the simulation with suitable example.

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2. (a) Solve by Big M method

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Minimize z 20 X₁+10 X₂ Subject to

> $X_1 + X_2 \le 40$ $4 X_1 + 3 X_2 \ge 60$ $3 X_1 + X_2 \ge 30$ $X_1, X_2 \ge 0$

- (b) The annual demand for a product is 64000 units. The buying cost per order is Rs.10 and the estimated cost of carrying one unit in stock for a year is 20%. The normal price of the product is Rs.10 per unit. However, the supplier offers a quantity discount of 2% on an order of at least 1000 units at a time and the discount of 5% if the order is for at least 5000 units. Suggest the most economic purchase quantity per order.
- 3. (a) Solve the following problem by Dual simplex method

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Min.Z= $2 X_1 + 2 X_2 + 4 X_3$ $2X_1 + 3 X_2 + 5 X_3 \ge 2$ $3X_1 + X_2 + 7 X_3 \le 3$ $X_1 + 4 X_2 + 6 X_3 \le 5$ $X_1, X_2, X_3 \ge 0$

- (b) Explain in detail the structure of queuing system describing each 10 element of queue with suitable example.
- 4. (a) A company has three factories X, Y, Z. It supplies goods to four 10 warehouses W1, W2, W3 and W4. The production capacities of the factories and demand of the warehouses are as shown in the table.

 Determine the optimal solution of the problem.

		000				
1, 10, 15, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18		W1	W2	W3	W4	Production
						Capacity
	X	19	30	50	12	7
Factory	Y	70	30	40	60	10
37.57.50	Z	40	10	60	20	18
Demand	·	5	8	7	15	

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(b) A salesman estimates that the following would be the cost on his 10 route, visiting the six cities as shown in the following table:

			To city						
		1	2	3	400	5	6		
	1	∞	20	23	27.	29	34		
From	2	21	∞	19	26	31	24		
city	3	26	28	∞	15	36	26		
	4	25	16	25	∞	23	18		
	5	23	40	23	31	- XX	1000		
	6	27	18	12	35	16	∞		

The salesman can visit each of the cities only once. Determine the optimal sequence he should follow to minimize the total distance travelled. What is the total distance travelled?

5. (a) Use two phase simplex method to solve following problem Maximize $Z = 5 X_1 + 3 X_2$

Subject to the constraints
$$2X1 + X_2 \le 1$$

 $X_1 + 4 \ X_2 \ge 6$

$$X_1,X_2\geq 0$$

(b) Find the sequence that minimizes the total time in hours required to 10 complete the following tasks in the order $M_1M_3M_2$:

-	SCORE TASKS								
S	A	B	\mathbf{C}^{\times}	$\langle D \rangle$	E) F	G		
M 100	3	6.8	5 87.3	42	9	8	7		
M 2	6		9 5	11	55	6	12		
M3	0.0400	3	2	5	1010	4	3		

6. (a) A boat company makes three different kinds of boats. All boats can be made profitably but the company's monthly production is constrained by limited amount of labour, wood and screws available each month. The director will choose the combination of the boats that maximizes his revenue in view of the information given in the following table:

Input	Row Boat	Canoe	Keyak	Monthly	
73.9,70.41	8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8			Availability	
Labour (Hrs)	12	7	9	1,260 Hrs.	
Wood (Board Feet)	22	18	16	19,008 Board Feet	
Screws (KG)	2	4	3	396 KG	
Selling Price	4, 000	2,000	5,000		

Formulate the problem as LPP and solve by Simplex method.

From the optimal table of the solved LPP, answer the following

questions:

- i) How many boats of each type are produced and what will be the resulting revenue?
- ii) Which, if any, of the resources are not fully utilized? If so, how much of spare capacity is left?
- iii) How much wood will be used to make all the boats given in the optimal solution?
- (b) An electronic device consists of four components, each of which 10 must function for the system to function. The system reliability can be improved by installing parallel units in one or more of the components. The reliability (R) of a component with one, two or three parallel units and the corresponding cost (C) are given in the table below. The maximum amount available for this device is 100. The problem is to determine the number of parallel units in each component.

No.	Components							
of	, N. d	149 P			6 0 3	300000000000000000000000000000000000000		
Units	R	C	\mathbf{R}	C_{2}	R	C.	\mathbf{R}	OC.
1 💸	0.7	10	0.5	20	0.7	10	0.6	20
2	0.8	20	0.7	40	0.9	30	0.7	30
300	0.9	30	0.8	50	0.95	40	0.9	40