

( 3 Hours)

[ Total marks : 80

- Note** :-
- 1) Question number 1 is **compulsory**.
  - 2) Attempt any **three** questions from the remaining **five** questions.
  - 3) **Figures** to the **right** indicate **full** marks.

- Q.1
- a) Evaluate  $\int_0^{\infty} e^{-2t} \sin^2 2t dt$ . 05
  - b) Find an analytic function  $f(z) = u + iv$  where  $u + v = e^x(\cos y + \sin y)$ . 05
  - c) Obtain Fourier series of  $x \cos x$  in  $(-\pi, \pi)$ . 05
  - d) Evaluate  $\int_C \bar{F} \cdot d\bar{r}$  where  $\bar{F} = x^2 i + xy j$  from  $(0, 0)$  to  $(1, 1)$  along the parabola  $y^2 = x$ . 05
- Q.2
- a) Find half-range cosine series for  $f(x) = e^x, 0 < x < 1$ . 06
  - b) Prove that  $\bar{F} = (x + 2y + az) i + (bx - 3y - z) j + (4x + cy + 2z) k$  is solenoidal and determine the constants  $a, b, c$  if  $\bar{F}$  is irrotational. 06
  - c) Prove that  $w = i \left( \frac{z-i}{z+i} \right)$  maps upper half of the  $z$  -plane into the interior of the unit circle in the  $w$  -plane. 08
- Q. 3
- a) Prove that  $J_n(x)$  is an even function if  $n$  is even integer and is an odd function if  $n$  is odd integer. 06
  - b) Find the inverse Laplace transform of  $\frac{s^2+2s+3}{(s^2+2s+5)(s^2+2s+2)}$ . 06
  - c) Obtain the complex form of Fourier series for  $f(x) = e^{ax}$  in  $(0, a)$ . 08
- Q. 4
- a) Prove that  $\nabla f(r) = f'(r) \frac{\bar{r}}{r}$  and hence, find  $f$  if  $\nabla f = 2r^4 \bar{r}$ . 06
  - b) Prove that  $4J''_n(x) = J_{n-2}(x) - 2J_n(x) + J_{n+2}(x)$ . 06

