# University of Mumbai <br> Examination 2020 under cluster 4 (PCE) 

Program: BE Electronics \& Telecommunication Engineering
Curriculum Scheme: Rev2012
Examination: Third Year Semester V
Course Code: ETC504 and Course Name: RF Modeling and Antennas
Time: 1 hour

Note to the students: - All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.

| Q1. | In a conductor, at skin depth the value of current decreases to ____ of its value <br> at the surface. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Option A: | $20 \%$ |
| Option B: | $37 \%$ |
| Option C: | $50 \%$ |
| Option D: | $90 \%$ |
|  |  |
| Q2. | Which of the following is not a type of attenuation profile for practical filter? |
| Option A: | Hyperbolic |
| Option B: | Butterworth |
| Option C: | Chebyshev |
| Option D: | Elliptic |
|  |  |
| Q3. | The ideal Insertion Loss of filter in passband is |
| Option A: | ODb |
| Option B: | Infinite |
| Option C: | 60 dB |
| Option D: | $3 D b$ |
|  |  |
| Q4. | The lengths of transmission lines used in Richard's transformation to replace <br> inductors and capacitors are |
| Option A: | $\lambda / 2$ |
| Option B: | $\lambda$ |
| Option C: | $\lambda / 8$ |
| Option D: | $3 \lambda / 2$ |
|  |  |
| Q5. | Which of the following filter design method is used to achieve completely <br> specified frequency response? |
| Option A: | Constant k-section |
| Option B: | m-derived |
| Option C: | Composite |
| Option D: | Insertion Loss |
| Q6. | Which equations are regarded as wave equations in frequency domain for <br> lossless media? |
| Option A: | Maxwell's |
| Option B: | Lorentz |

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| Option C: | Helmholtz |
| :--- | :--- |
| Option D: | Poisson's |
|  |  |
| Q7. | What is the functioning role of an antenna in receiving mode? |
| Option A: | Radiator |
| Option B: | Converter |
| Option C: | Sensor |
| Option D: | Inverter |
|  |  |
| Q8. | At which angles does the front to back ratio specify an antenna gain? |
| Option A: | $0^{\circ} \& 180^{\circ}$ |
| Option B: | $90^{\circ} \& 180^{\circ}$ |
| Option C: | $180^{\circ} \& 270^{\circ}$ |
| Option D: | $180^{\circ} \& 360^{\circ}$ |
|  |  |
| Q9. | Which mode of propagation is adopted in HF antennas? |
| Option A: | Ground wave \& Tropospheric |
| Option B: | lonospheric |
| Option C: | Ground wave |
| Option D: | Tropospheric |
|  |  |
| Q10. | Which type of wire antennas are also known as dipoles? |
| Option A: | Linear |
| Option B: | Loop |
| Option C: | Helical |
| Option D: | Loop \& Linear |
|  |  |
| Q11. | A helical antenna produces radiation which is ? |
| Option A: | Omni directional |
| Option B: | Circularly polarized |
| Option C: | Elliptically polarized |
| Option D: | Horizontally polarized |
|  |  |
| Q12. | Antenna that does not belong to the horn antenna family among the <br> following are: <br> Option A: <br> Option B: Strip line |
| Option A: | Pyramidal horn |
| Option B: | Conical horn |
| Option C: | Bi-conical horn lines |
| Option D: | Microstrip Antenna |
|  |  |

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| Option C: | Coaxial cables |
| :---: | :---: |
| Option D: | Rectangular waveguide |
| Q14. | Intrinsic impedance of free space is |
| Option A: | $300 \Omega$ |
| Option B: | 377 ת |
| Option C: | $477 \Omega$ |
| Option D: | $500 \Omega$ |
| Q15. | For Band pass filter design with Insertion loss method, inductor in low pass prototype is replaced with $\qquad$ in Bandpass filter. |
| Option A: | Series inductor |
| Option B: | Series capacitor |
| Option C: | Combination of series inductor and capacitor |
| Option D: | Combination of shunt inductor and capacitor. |
| Q16. | Sterdian is a measurement unit of |
| Option A: | Point angle |
| Option B: | Linear angle |
| Option C: | Plane angle |
| Option D: | Solid angle |
| Q17. | Power density is basically termed as power per unit area |
| Option A: | Reflected |
| Option B: | Refracted |
| Option C: | Radiated |
| Option D: | Diffracted |
| Q18. | The construction and operation of a log-periodic antenna is similar to |
| Option A: | Helical antenna |
| Option B: | Yagi-Uda antenna |
| Option C: | Coaxial cable |
| Option D: | Monopole antenna |
|  |  |
| Q19. | The pattern of the reflector in a reflector antenna is called: |
| Option A: | Primary pattern |
| Option B: | Secondary pattern |
| Option C: | Reflector pattern |
| Option D: | Regular pattern |
|  |  |
| Q20. | If the elements of a binomial array are separated by $\lambda / 4$, how many shape patterns are generated with no minor lobes? |
| Option A: | 2 |
| Option B: | 4 |

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| Option C: | 8 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Option D: | 16 |
|  |  |
| Q21. | Kuroda's identities are not used to |
| Option A: | Physically separate the stubs |
| Option B: | Transform series stub into shunt stub and vice cersa |
| Option C: | Change impractical characteristic impedances into realizable impedances |
| Option D: | Convert actual inductors and capacitors into stubs |
|  | If the power input to an antenna is 100 mW and if the radiated power is <br> measured to be 90 mW, then the efficiency of the antenna is: |
| Q22. | How are the infinitesimal dipoles represented in terms of antenna length and signal <br> wavelength? |
| Option A: | $75 \%$ |
| Option B: | $80 \%$ |
| Option C: | $90 \%$ |
| Option D: | Insufficient data |
| Q23. | I $\lambda / 2$ |

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| Question | Correct Option <br> (Enter either ' $\mathbf{A}$ ' or ' $\mathbf{B}$ ' or ' $C$ ' or ' $D$ ') |
| :---: | :---: |
| Q1. | B |
| Q2. | A |
| Q3. | A |
| Q4 | C |
| Q5 | D |
| Q6 | C |
| Q7 | C |
| Q8. | A |
| Q9. | B |
| Q10. | B |
| Q11. | B |
| Q12. | D |
| Q13. | B |
| Q14. | B |
| Q15. | C |
| Q16. | D |
| Q17. | C |
| Q18. | B |
| Q19. | B |
| Q20. | C |
| Q21. | D |
| Q22. | C |
| Q23. | D |
| Q24. | A |
| Q25. | A |

