Program: BE Mechanical Engineering Curriculum Scheme: **Rev2016** Examination: Third Year Semester VI

Course Code: MEC601and Course Name: METROLOGY & QUALITY ENGINEERING
Time: 1-hour

Max. Marks: 50

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Note to the students: - All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.

Q1.	The purpose of instruments is to		
Option A:	Allow measurements to be made		
Option B:	Transmit the information		
Option C:	Change signals		
Option D:	Receive the information		
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Q2.	The natural variability of the process is measured by		
Option A:	Process mean		
Option B:	Sample standard deviation		
Option C:	Process standard deviation		
Option D:	Sample mean		
Q3.	Which of the following option involves material and component control?		
Option A:	Development of standards		
Option B:	Development of specification		
Option C:	Quality control		
Option D:	Feedback		
Q4.	Which graphical representation reflects frequency of events?		
Option A:	Bar diagram		
Option B:	Histogram		
Option C:	Pareto charts		
Option D:	Cause and effect diagram		
Q5.	The following is an infinity telescope and a collimator combined in a single		
	instrument		
Option A:	Clinometer		
Option B:	Autocollimator		
Option C:	Profile projector		
Option D:	Optical Flat		
06			
Q6.	The percentage yield in Six Sigma is		
Option A:	93.3		
Option B:	99.38		
Option C:	99.977		
Option D:	99.99966		
07	Which of the following mechine is used for rolling tests on grown		
Q7.	Which of the following machine is used for rolling tests on gears		

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#### **Examination 2020 under cluster 4 (PCE)**

Option A:	Parkinson gear tester	
Option B:	Tooth caliper	
Option C:	Base pitch measuring instrument	
Option D:	Involute profile testing machine	
Q8.	If we say a Type I error has been made, what we mean is that we have	
	a lot for which the fraction defective is	
Option A:	rejected; less than AQL	
Option B:	accepted; less than LTPD	
Option C:	rejected; greater than LTPD	
Option D:	accepted; less than AQL	
Q9.	The thread angle and form are usually measured by	
Option A:	Optical Means	
Option B:	Mechanical Means	
Option C:	Electrical Means	
Option D:	Electronics Means	
Q10.	In interference of light the path difference $\lambda/2$ causes	
Option A:	Bright fringe	
Option B:	Dark fringe	
Option C:	Red fringe	
Option D:	No fringe	
Q11.	Which errors are also known as cumulative errors?	
Option A:	Random errors	
Option B:	Systematic errors	
Option C:	Gross errors	
Option D:	System interaction errors	
Q12.	If the Maximum Hole size is less than Minimum Shaft size then the type of fit	
	would be	
Option A:	Transition Fit	
Option B:	Interference Fit	
Option C:	Clearance Fit	
Option D:	Loose fit	
0.16		
Q13.	Which of the following is not true about first order irregularities?	
Option A:	Arises due to deformation of work under action	
Option B:	Arising due to irregularities in machine tool itself	
Option C:	Arising due to weight of material itself	
Option D:	Arise due to vibrations	
014	The most to engage that all managements are send at the same arrange in	
Q14.	The part to ensure that all measurements are made at the same pressure in a	
Ontina A	floating carriage micrometer is called as	
Option A:	Top Slide	
Option B:	Lower slide Fiducial Indicator	
Option C:	Fiducial Indicator	

Option D:	V- pieces	
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Q15.	Which of the following is a comparator	
Option A:	Dial Indicator	
Option B:	Micrometer	
Option C:	Weighing Balance	
Option D:	Slip gauges	
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Q16.	In wire methods, the diameter of the wire selected should be such that it makes	
	contact with the screw along the	
Option A:	Axis of the screw	
Option B:	Major Diameter	
Option C:	Pitch cylinder	
Option D:	Minor diameter	
option 2.		
Q17.	In order to measure the chordal thickness of a gear using a gear caliper, the	
Q17.	position of the blade is set to	
Option A:	Dedendum of the gear tooth	
Option B:	The entire depth of gear tooth	
Option C:	Addendum of the gear tooth	
Option D:	Top surface of the gear tooth	
Option D.	Top surface of the gear tooth	
Q18.	Vernier Caliper falls under which standard	
Option A:	Primary Standard	
Option B:	Secondary Standard	
Option C:	Tertiary Standard	
Option D:	Working Standard	
Q19.	Maximum data handling analysis load is observed in	
Option A:	Single sampling plan	
Option B:	Double sampling plan	
Option C:	Sequential sampling plan	
Option D:	Cluster sampling	
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Q20.	Which of the following methods of inspection uses high frequency of sound	
	waves for the detection of flaws in the castings?	
Option A:	Penetrant test	
Option B:	Radiography	
Option C:	Pressure test	
Option D:	Ultrasonic inspection	
Spiron D.		
Q21.	Button spinning on a loop of thread is the principle used in	
Option A:	Sigma Comparator	
Option B:	Johansson Mikrokator	
Option C:	Solex comparator	
Option D:	Zeuss ultra optimeter	
Option D.	Zeuss artia opuniciei	
Q22.	Which of the following is not a line standard?	
×	or the rono may to not a fine summand.	

Option A:	Yard	
Option B:		
	Meter	
Option C:	Precision scale	
Option D:	Length bar	
Q23.	Which among the following is the last step in magnetic particle test method?	
Option A:	Observation and inspection	
Option B:	Circular magnetization	
Option C:	Demagnetization	
Option D:	Magnetization	
Q24.	When fringe pattern exhibits the movement of fringes towards the center the	
	surface is	
Option A:	Concave	
Option B:	Convex	
Option C:	Flat	
Option D:	Tapered	
Q25.	Tribology relates to	
Option A:	Flatness measurement	
Option B:	Straightness measurement	
Option C:	Measurement of surface roughness	
Option D:	Measurement of angles	

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Question	Correct Option (Enter either 'A' or 'B' or 'C' or 'D')
Q1.	A
Q2.	С
Q3.	С
Q4	В
Q5	В
Q6	D
Q7	A
Q8.	A
Q9.	A
Q10.	В
Q11.	В
Q12.	В
Q13.	D
Q14.	С
Q15.	A
Q16.	С
Q17.	С
Q18.	D
Q19.	С
Q20.	D
Q21.	В
Q22.	D

Q23.	C
Q24.	A
Q25.	С