Examination 2020 under cluster 4 (PCE)

Program: BE Electronics and TeleCommunication Engineering Curriculum Scheme: Rev 2012 Examination: Third Year Semester VI Course Code: ETC 601 and Course Name : Digital Communication

Time: 1 hour

Max. Marks: 50

Note to the students:- All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks .

Q1.	When Information increases then	
Option A:	Probability also increases	
Option B:	Probability has no relation with information	
Option C:	Probability remains constant	
Option D:	Probability decreases	
Q2.	The channel capacity is	
Option A:	The amplitude of the modulated signal	
Option B:	information contained in a signal	
Option C:	The maximum information transmitted by one symbol over the channel	
Option D:	Rate of loss of Information	
Q3.	For 'M' equally likely messages, the average amount of information 'H' is	
Option A:	$H = \log 10 (M)$	
Option B:	$H = \log 2 (M)$	
Option C:	H = log 10 (M+1)	
Option D:	$H = 2 \log 10 (M)$	
Q4.	Eye pattern is used to study	
Option A:	ISI	
Option B:	ITI	
Option C:	IIS	
Option D:	IIT	
Q5.	The method in which small amount of controlled ISI is introduced into the data stream	
_	rather than trying to eliminate it completely is called as	
Option A:	Duobinary signalling	
Option B:	UnCorrelative coding	
Option C:	Postcoding	
Option D:	Sampling	
Q6.	Roll - off factor is defined as	
Option A:	The bandwidth occupied beyond the Nyquist Bandwidth of the filter	
Option B:	The performance of the filter or device	
Option C:	Aliasing effect	
Option D:	Nyquist Bandwidth of the filter	
Q7.	Matched filter may be optimally used only for	
Option A:	Gaussian noise	

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Option D.	Transit time noise	
Option B:	Transit time noise	
Option C: Option D:	Flicker noise Thermal Noise	
Option D.		
Q8.	A system is said to be better if its probability of error is	
Option A:	Minimum	
Option B:	Maximum	
Option D:	Infinite	
Option D:	Finite	
Option D.		
Q9.	QPSK is a	
Option A:	Two level modulation	
Option B:	Three level modulation	
Option C:	One level modulation	
Option D:	Multilevel modulation	
Q10.	What is the bandwidth for binary PSK	
Option A:	5fb	
Option B:	4fb	
Option C:	3fb	
Option D:	2fb	
Q11.	What type of modulation require for BPSK	
Option A:	Two level	
Option B:	Four level	
Option C:	Three level	
Option D:	One level	
Q12.	What is the radius of the circle in M-ary PSK on which message points are	
	equally spaced?	
Option A:	VEs	
Option B:	√Eb	
Option C:	Eb	
Option D:	Es	
012	The PDSK signal has 1 V volte and V volte respectively to represent	
Q13.	The BPSK signal has +V volts and -V volts respectively to represent	
Option A:	1 and 0 logic levels	
Option B:	11 and 00 logic levels	
Option C:	10 and 00 logic levels	
Option D:	01 and 00 logic levels	
Q14.	Bandwidth of QPSK as compared to BPSK	
Option A:	Double	
Option B:	Half	
Option D:	Same	
Option D:	Four times	
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r	Examination 2020 under cluster 4 (FCL)	
Q15.	The code in convolution coding is generated using	
Option A:	OR logic	
Option B:	EX-NOR logic	
Option C:	AND logic	
Option D:	MODULO-2 addition	
Q16.	For a 1/2 rate, K=3 covolution code the number of input and output bits are?	
Option A:	1 input bit and 3 output bits	
Option B:	1 input bit and 2 output bits	
Option C:	2 input bits and 3 output bits	
Option D:	3 input bits and 2 output bits	
Q17.	Which of the following is not a method to represent convolution code?	
Option A:	Code trellis	
Option B:	State diagram	
Option C:	Linear matrix	
Option D:	Tree diagram	
option D.		
Q18.	The received code contains an error if the syndrome vector is	
Option A:	Zero	
Option B:	Non zero	
Option D:	Infinity	
Option D:	Minus	
Option D.		
Q19.	For hamming distance dmin and number of errors S, the condition for receiving	
	invalid codeword is	
Option A:	$S \le dmin + 1$	
Option B:	$S \leq dmin - 1$	
Option C:	$S \le 1$ - dmin	
Option D:	$S \leq dmin$	
Q20.	Syndrome is calculated by	
Option A:	HT/r	
Option B:	rH ^T	
Option C:	rH	
Option D:	Н	
021	For a (6,4) block code where $n = 6$, $k = 4$ and dmin = 3, how many errors can be	
Q21.	corrected by this code?	
Option A:	0	
Option B:	1	
Option C:	2	
Option D:	3	
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Q22.	Viterbi algorithm performs	
Option A:	Minimum mean square	
Option B:	Maximum a Posteriori	
Option C:	Minimum Square	

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Option D:	Maximum Likelihood	
Q23.	A DSSS system has processing gain of 600 .The desired error probability is 1 and $Eb/No = 6.45$. The jamming margin will be equal to Db	
Option A:	16.78	
Option B:	19.7	
Option C:	18.87	
Option D:	1.887	
Q24.	The jammer which monitors a communicator's signal is known as	
Option A:	Frequency follower jammers	
Option B:	Frequency repeat jammers	
Option C:	Repeat back jammers	
Option D:	Frequency follower & Repeat back jammers	
025	For maximal length sequence, the sequence repetition clock pulses p is given by	
Q25.		
Option A:	2n + 1	
Option B:	2n	
Option C:	2n -1	
Option D:	2n+p	

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Question	Correct Option (Enter either 'A' or 'B' or 'C' or 'D')
Q1.	D
Q2.	С
Q3.	В
Q4	А
Q5	А
Q6	А
Q7	А
Q8.	А
Q9.	D
Q10.	D
Q11.	А
Q12.	А
Q13.	А
Q14.	В
Q15.	D
Q16.	В
Q17.	С
Q18.	В
Q19.	В
Q20.	В
Q21.	В
Q22.	D
Q23.	В
Q24.	D
Q25.	С