

(3 hours)

Maximum marks: 80

N.B.

1. Question No. 1 is **compulsory**.
2. Attempt any **three** questions out of remaining **five** questions.
3. Assume any suitable data wherever required.
4. Draw figures wherever needed.

1. Write short notes on any **four**.

- a) Expansion bellows
- b) Multilayered high pressure vessels
- c) Types of downcomers
- d) Rotary drum filter
- e) Entrainment separators

(20)

2. Design a Fixed-tubesheet heat exchanger for the following data:

Shell side:

Design pressure = 0.5 N/mm²

Permissible stress for shell material, Carbon steel = 95 N/mm²

Tube side:

Number of tubes = 60

Tube outside diameter = 20 mm

Design pressure of tube side fluid = 2.5 N/mm²

Permissible stress of tube material = 120 N/mm²

Tube pitch = Square

Channel flange

Flange material of construction – carbon steel

Permissible stress for flange material = 95 N/mm²

Permissible stress for bolt material = 140 N/mm²

Joint with tube sheet – Ring facing

Ring gasket width = 18 mm

Gasket factor = 5.5

Gasket seating stress = 126 N/mm²

Permissible stress for flange and tube sheet material = 100 N/mm²

Design

- | | |
|--|-----|
| I) Shell (diameter and thickness) | (8) |
| II) Flange between channel and tubesheet | (6) |
| III) Tube sheet thickness | (4) |
| IV) channel cover thickness | (2) |

3. (a) Write the design procedure of calculating shell wall thickness of a tall column. Design should include determination of various stresses, calculation of resultant longitudinal stress and the resultant stress. (12)

(b) Write notes on column internals for a packed column. (8)

4. Design a calendria type evaporator with the following data assuming that it has baffle for entrainment separation.

Evaporator drum under vacuum	= external pressure 0.1 N/mm ²
Amount of water to be evaporated	= 3,000 kg/hr
Heating surface required	= 250 m ²
Steam pressure	= 0.2 N/mm ²
Density of liquid	= 1000 kg/m ³
Density of vapor	= 0.085 kg/m ³
Effective Tube length	= 1500 mm
Tube outside diameter	= 100 mm
Tube thickness	= 1.5 mm
Tubes laid on triangular pitch	
Assume downtake pipe as 50% of the total tube cross sectional area	
Permissible stress for evaporator material	= 98 N/mm ²
Poisson's ratio	= 0.3
Modulus of elasticity for carbon steel	= 2 x 10 ⁵ N/mm ²
Modulus of elasticity for brass	= 9.5 x 10 ⁴ N/mm ²

Design the

- (i) Calendria (Diameter and thickness) (8)
- (ii) Vapor drum (Diameter and thickness) (8)
- (iii) Top torispherical head (4)

5.(a) Show the symbols for the following components

- (i) Needle valve (ii) Centrifugal pump (iii) Filter press (iv) Tray drier (v) Jacketed vessel (5)

(b) Write notes on

- i) Block diagram ii) Piping and Instrumentation Diagram (10)

- (a) Estimate the optimum pipe diameter for a water flow rate of 12 kg/s at 20°C. Carbon steel pipe is used. Density of water 1000 kg / m³ Viscosity of water at 20°C is 1.1 x 10⁻³ Ns/m². Also find whether flow is laminar or turbulent. (5)

6. A high pressure compound cylinder consists of an inner tube of inner diameter 20 mm and outer diameter of 40 mm. On it is shrunk fit a tube of external diameter 60 mm. The shrink fit should be so done that the contact pressure at the two surfaces do not exceed 1.602 N/mm². The cylinder is then subjected to an internal pressure of 10 N/mm². Calculate the original dimensions of the tubes and plot the stress distribution.

Coefficient of thermal expansion = 12 x 10⁻⁶ per °C, E = 200 x 10³ N/mm²