Paper / Subject Code: 40201 / Applied Mathematics-IV

1T00424 - S.E.(BIOTECHNOLOGY)(Sem IV) (Choice Based) / 40201 - APPLIED MATHEMATICS- IV

(3 hours) Total Marks:80

N.B: (1) Question no.1 is **compulsory**.

- (2) Attempt any **three** questions from remaining **five** questions.
- (3)**Figures** to the **right** indicate **full** marks.
- (4) Assume suitable data if necessary.

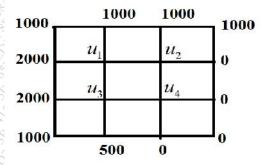
1. (a) Obtain the Fourier expansion of
$$f(x) = x^2$$
, $-l < x < l$. (5)

(b) Find the Fourier Transform of
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{iSx}, & a < x < b \\ 0, & x < a, x > b \end{cases}$$
 (5)

- (c) Solve Partial differential equation $3\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + 2\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 0$ by method of separation of variables given $u(x,0) = 4e^{-x}$.
- (d) Find the total work done in moving a particle in the force field $\overline{F} = 3xyi 5zj + 10xk$ along $x = t^2 + 1$, $y = 2t^2$, $z = t^3$ from t = 1 to t = 2. (5)
- 2. (a) Prove that the functions $f_1(x)=1, f_2(x)=x, f_3(x)=\frac{3x^2-1}{2}$ are orthogonal

over
$$(-1,1)$$
. (6)

- (b) Express the fourier cosine integral representation of the function $f(x) = e^{-ax}$, x > 0 and hence, show that $\int_0^\infty \frac{\cos \tilde{S} x}{\tilde{S}^2 + 1} d\tilde{S} = \frac{f}{2} e^{-x}$, $x \ge 0$.
- (c) Solve Laplace equation $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$ for the following data by successive iterations (calculate first two iterations)



3. (a) Find the Fourier sine transform of f(x) if $f(x) = \begin{cases} \sin kx, & 0 \le x < a \\ 0, & x > a \end{cases}$. (6)

55043

Paper / Subject Code: 40201 / Applied Mathematics-IV

(b)Using Green's Theorem evaluate $\int_C (e^{x^2} - xy) dx - (y^2 - ax) dy$ where C is the circle

$$x^2 + y^2 = a^2$$
. (6)

- (c) Obtain fourier series for $f(x) = \begin{cases} x + \frac{f}{2} & -f < x < 0 \\ \frac{f}{2} x & 0 < x < f \end{cases}$ Hence, deduce $\frac{f^6}{96} = \frac{1}{1^4} + \frac{1}{3^4} + \frac{1}{5^4} + \dots$ (8)
- 4.(a) Obtain the complex form of Fourier Series for $f(x) = \cos hax in(-l, l)$. (6)
- (b) Use Stoke's Theorem to evaluate $\int_C (xy dx + xy^2 dy)$ where C is the square in xy-plane with vertices (1,0), (0,1), (-1,0) and (0,-1).
- (c) A tightly stretched string with fixed end points x=0 and x=l in the shape defined by y=k x(l-x) from where k is constant is released from this position of rest. Find y(x,t), the

vertical displacement if
$$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2}$$
. (8)

- 5.(a) Find the Fourier cosine transform of f(x) if $f(x) = e^{-x^2}$. (6)
 - (b) Expand $f(x) = x \sin x$ in the interval $0 \le x \le 2f$.
- (c). Determine the solution of one-dimensional heat equation by the method of separation of variables

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}, \ 0 \le x \le l, t \ge 0$$

$$u = u(x, t)$$

$$u(0, t) = u(l, t) = 0 \text{ for all } t > 0$$

$$u(x, 0) = \frac{100 x}{l}, \text{ for all } x > 0$$
(8)

6.(a) Use Gauss's Divergence Theorem to evaluate $\iint_S \overline{N} \cdot \overline{F} ds$ where $\overline{F} = 4xi - 2y^2 j + 3z^2 k$ and S is the surface of the cube bounded by $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$, z = 0, z = b. (6)

- (b) Prove that $\overline{F} = (x+2y+4z)i + (2x-3y-z)j + (4x-y+2z)k$ is irrotational and find the scalar potential for \overline{F} and evaluate $\int \overline{F} . d\overline{r}$ along the line joining the points (1,2,-4) and (3,3,2).
- (c) Find the half range sine series for $f(x) = lx x^2$, 0 < x < l. Hence, deduce that $\frac{f^6}{960} = \frac{1}{1^6} + \frac{1}{3^6} + \frac{1}{5^6} + \dots$ (8)

55043 2