Paper / Subject Code: 40101 / Applied Mathematics-IV

1T00324 - S.E.(BIOMEDICAL)(Sem IV) (Choice Based) / 40101 - APPLIED MATHEMATICS-IV

Duration: 3 hours Max. Marks 80

- N. B.: 1. Question No. 1 is Compulsory.
 - 2. Attempt any 3 Questions from Question no. 2 to 6.
 - 3. Figures to the right indicate the full Marks.
 - 4. Statistical tables are allowed.
- Que. 1 a If λ is an eigen value of nonsingular matrix A then prove that $\frac{|A|}{\lambda}$ is an eigen value of adj A.
 - b If the random variable X takes the values 1, 2, 3, 4 such that 2P(X=1)=3P(X=2)=P(X=3)=5P(X=4), find the probability distribution and cumulative distribution of X.

5

- Find a basis for the orthogonal complement of the subspace in \mathbb{R}^3 spanned by the vectors $V_1 = (1, -1, 3)$, $V_2 = (5, -4, -4)$, $V_3 = (7, -6, 2)$
- d Evaluate the complex line Integral $\oint_C \log z \, dz$ where C is the unit circle |z|=1
- Que.2. a Using Rayleigh-Ritz method, solve the boundary value problem $I = \int_0^1 (y'^2 y^2 2xy) dx; \quad 0 \le x \le 1. \text{ Given y(0)=0 and y(1)=0}$
 - b Seven dice are thrown 729 times. How many times do you expect at least 6 4 dice to show 3 or 5?
 - c Find all Taylor and Laurent series expansions for $f(z) = \frac{z}{(z-3)(z-4)}$ 8 about z=1 indicating the region of convergence.
- Que.3. a Three factories A, B, and C produces 30%, 20% and 50% of the total production of an item. Out of their production 70%, 50%, and 30% of are defective. Find probability that a defective item selected is produced by factory A
 - b Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem for $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and hence find A^{-1}

Page 1 of 2

Paper / Subject Code: 40101 / Applied Mathematics-IV

Q.P. Code: 37603

c Obtain the equations of the lines of regression for the following data. Also obtain the estimate of X for Y=70.

X 65 66 67 67 68 69 70 72 Y 67 68 65 68 72 72 69 71

- Que.4. a Find the extremal of the functional $\int_0^{\pi/2} (y'^2 y^2 + 2xy) dx$ with y(0)=0 and $y(\frac{\pi}{2})=0$.
 - b Construct an orthonormal basis of R^3 using Gram Schmidt process to $S = \{(3, 0, 4), (-1, 0, 7), (2, 9, 11)\}$
 - Determine whether the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -8 & -2 \\ 4 & -3 & -2 \\ 3 & -4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ is diagonalizable, if yes diagonalise it.
- Que. 5 a Show that the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ is derogatory and find the minimal polynomial of the matrix.
 - A random variable X has probability density function $\frac{1}{2^x}$, x=1, 2, 3,... Find moment generating function and hence find mean and variance of X.
 - c Of a group of men 5% are under 60 inches height and 40% are between 8 60 and 65 inches. Assuming a normal distribution find the mean height and standard deviation.
- Que.6. a If $A = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ find e^A and 4^A
 - b Between 2 pm and 4 pm, the average number of phone calls per minute coming into a switchboard of a company is 2.5. Find the probability that during one particular minute there will be i) no phone call at all, ii) at least 5 calls.
 - c By using Cauchy residue theorem, evaluate

 i. $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{x^{2} + 4}$ ii. $\int_{0}^{2\pi} \frac{1}{5 4\cos\theta} d\theta$

Page 2 of 2