

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 80

N.B. 1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.

2) Attempt any three out of remaining five Questions.

3) Figure to right indicate full mark.

Q. 1 a) Find the constant a, b, c, d, e if $F(z) = ax^3 + bxy^2 + 3x^2 + cy^2 + x + i(dx^2y - 2y^3 + exy + y)$ is Analytic. (05)

b) Find directional derivatives of $\phi = 4xy^2 - 2yz^2$ at $[1, -2, 2]$ in the direction of $2i + 3j + 5k$ (05)

c) Show that the set of functions $F_n(x) = \cos nx$, $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$ is orthogonal over $[-\pi, \pi]$ Hence construct orthonormal set (05)

d) Find $L[e^{-2t} \cos 2t \cdot \cos 4t]$ (05)

Q.2 a) Prove that Field $\vec{F} = (z^2 + 2x + 3y)i + (3x + 2y + z)j + (y + 2xz)k$ is irrotational. Find scalar potential ϕ such that $\vec{F} = \nabla\phi$ (06)

b) obtain Fourier expansion of $F(x) = 4 - x^2$ in $[0, 2]$ (06)

c) Using Laplace transform Solve the differential equation (08)

$$y'' + 2y' - 3y = \sin t, \quad \text{Given } y(0)=0, y'(0) = 0$$

Q.3 a) Prove that $J_{3/2}(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi x}} \left\{ \frac{\sin x}{x} - \cos x \right\}$ (06)

b) Find Complex form of fourier series of $f(x) = e^{3x}$ in $[-\pi, \pi]$ (06)

c) i) Find $L^{-1}\left\{ \text{Log} \left(1 + \frac{a^2}{s^2} \right) \right\}$ ii) $L^{-1}\left\{ \left(\frac{e^{-2s}}{s^2 + 8s + 25} \right) \right\}$ (08)

Q.4 a) Find analytic function $f(z)$ whose imaginary part is $e^x (x \sin y + y \cos y) = c$ (06)

b) Find $L^{-1}\left\{ \frac{s}{(s^2+4)((s^2+16))} \right\}$ by convolution theorem (06)

c) Find Fourier expansion of $f(x) = 1 + \frac{2x}{\pi} \quad -\pi \leq x \leq 0$ (08)

$$= 1 - \frac{2x}{\pi} \quad 0 \leq x \leq \pi \quad \text{Hence deduce that}$$

$$\frac{\pi^2}{8} = \frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \frac{1}{7^2} + \dots$$

Q.5 a) Find $L[f(t)]$, Where $f(t) = 2t$, $0 < t < \pi$ (06)

$$= \pi - t, \pi < t < 2\pi \text{ \& } f(t+2\pi) = f(t)$$

b) Find Bilinear transformation which maps the points $\infty, i, 0$ of Z plane (06)
 onto $0, i, \infty$ of W plane . also find the fixed points

c) Verify Green's Theorem for $\oint (x^2 - xy^2)dx + (y^2 - 2xy)dy$ Where C is (08)
 square with vertices $(0, 0) (2, 0) (0, 2), (2, 2)$

Q.6 a) Using Gauss divergence Theorem , evaluate $\iint \vec{n} \cdot \vec{F} ds$ Where (06)

$\vec{F} = x^3i + y^3j + z^3k$ & S is the surface bounded by sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$

b) Find image of region bounded by $x=0, y=0, x = 1, y=1$ in Z plane onto (06)
 W plane under $W = z + (2 + i)$

c) Find Fourier cosine integral representation of $f(x) = x$ (08)

$$= 2 - x \quad 1 \leq x \leq 2$$

$$= 0 \quad x > 2$$
