Examination 2020 under cluster 4 (PCE)

Program: BE Mechanical Engineering Curriculum Scheme: Rev 2012 Examination: Fourth Year Semester VIII

Course Code: MEE8027 and Course Name: Process Equipment Design

Time: 1 hour

Max. Marks: 50

Note to the students:- All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks .

| Option A: Piping & instrumentation diagram | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|--|--|
| | Piping & instrumentation diagram | | |
| Option B: Piping & indicator diagram | Piping & indicator diagram | | |
| Option C: Process & indicator diagram | | | |
| Option D: Process & instrumentation diagram | | | |
| | | | |
| Q2. Minimum corrosion allowance specified by most of the design codes and | | | |
| standards is | | | |
| Option A: 1.0mm | | | |
| Option B: 2.0 mm | | | |
| Option C: 3.0 mm | | | |
| Option D: 4.0mm | | | |
| | | | |
| Q3. There arenon-mandatory appendices in ASME section VIII division | 1 | | |
| Option A: 26 | | | |
| Option B: 36 | | | |
| Option C: 16 | | | |
| Option D: 46 | | | |
| | | | |
| Q4. Vessels likely to be subjected to vacuum should be designed for a full negati | ve | | |
| pressure of unless fitted with an effective, and reliable, vacuum breake | r. | | |
| Option A: 1 bar | | | |
| Option B: 1.5 bar | | | |
| Option C: 0.5 bar | | | |
| Option D: 2.0 bar | | | |
| | | | |
| Q5. Pressure vessels are provided | | | |
| Option A: Without nozzles | | | |
| Option B: With nozzles only | | | |
| Option C: Without openings | | | |
| Option D: Either with nozzles or openings | | | |
| | | | |
| Q6. Starting-up and shutting-down operations of pressure vessel can be considered | ed as | | |
| Option A: Repetitive | | | |
| Option B: Non repetitive | | | |
| Option C: Neither repetitive nor non-repetitive | | | |
| Option D: Cyclic operation | | | |
| | | | |
| Q7. ASME code section VIII covers | | | |
| Ontion A: Design MoC Ephrication Inspection and Testing | | | |

Examination 2020 under cluster 4 (PCE)

| Design, MoC, Fabrication | | |
|--|--|--|
| Inspection and Testing | | |
| Fabrication, Inspection and Testing | | |
| | | |
| Find the wrong answer. Classification of pressure vessels based on technological | | |
| processes is | | |
| Reaction vessel | | |
| Separation vessel | | |
| Internal pressure vessel | | |
| Storage container vessel | | |
| | | |
| Find the wrong answer. Typical components of a pressure vessel are | | |
| Cylindrical or spherical shell | | |
| Formed heads | | |
| Nozzles | | |
| Valves | | |
| | | |
| A pressure vessel is constructed of SA 516-Gr70 material and has an inside | | |
| diameter of 2m. The internal design pressure is 22 bar. The corrosion allowance is | | |
| 3.5 mm and the joint efficiency is 0.85. What is the required thickness of vessel | | |
| if the allowable stress is 2200 bar | | |
| 16 mm | | |
| 10 mm | | |
| | | |
| 14 11111 | | |
| | | |
| Skirt supports are used for | | |
| Tall and vortical column | | |
| Larizontel vessel | | |
| Doth toll and having stal seconds | | |
| Both tall and norizontal vessels | | |
| Neither tall nor horizontal vessels | | |
| | | |
| Anchor bolt pitch should not be less than | | |
| 600mm | | |
| 700 mm | | |
| 800 mm | | |
| 1000 mm | | |
| | | |
| A vessel supported on two saddles can be considered as | | |
| Simply supported beam | | |
| Fixed vessel | | |
| Floating vessel | | |
| Large vessel | | |
| | | |
| External floating roof tanks are not used for storing | | |
| Naphtha | | |
| | | |
| Kerosene | | |
| | | |

Examination 2020 under cluster 4 (PCE)

| Option D: | Gasoline | | | |
|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | |
| Q15. | Wind girder is used for | | | |
| Option A: | Open large tanks | | | |
| Option B: | Closed large tanks | | | |
| Option C: | Open small tanks | | | |
| Option D: | Closed small tanks | | | |
| | | | | |
| Q16. | API 620 code is | | | |
| Option A: | Bit more technologically advanced than API650 | | | |
| Option B: | Less technologically advanced than API 650 | | | |
| Option C: | Same as API 650 | | | |
| Option D: | Altogether different code compared to API 650 | | | |
| | | | | |
| Q17. | The equation for determining the minimum wall thickness of a storage tank | | | |
| | required to resist the hydro-static pressure at a liquid depth H is (σ_t = allowable | | | |
| | stress N/mm^2 , J = Joint efficiency) | | | |
| Option A: | $t = (\rho HgD)/(2000\sigma_t J)$ | | | |
| Option B: | $t = (\rho HgDJ)/(2000\sigma_t)$ | | | |
| Option C: | $t = (\rho HgD)/(2\sigma_t J)$ | | | |
| Option D: | $t = (\rho H g D J)/(2\sigma_t)$ | | | |
| | | | | |
| Q18. | Pick-up the wrong answer. The principal component of an Shell-and-Tube Heat | | | |
| - | Exchanger is | | | |
| Option A: | Shell | | | |
| Option B: | Shell cover | | | |
| Option C: | Tubes | | | |
| Option D: | Tie-rods | | | |
| | | | | |
| Q19. | In case of condensing shell and tube heat exchanger | | | |
| Option A: | Single phase is existed in both the shell and tube sides | | | |
| Option B: | Condensing takes place in one side and single phase is existed in the other side | | | |
| Option C: | Vaporizing takes place in one side and single phase is existed in the other side | | | |
| Option D: | Condensing takes place in one side and vaporizing takes place in the other side | | | |
| | | | | |
| Q20. | Pick-up the wrong answer. Which data needed from the process licensor before | | | |
| | design the shell and tube heat exchanger dealing with gases, if the gas density is | | | |
| | furnished? | | | |
| Option A: | Flow rate of cold fluid | | | |
| Option B: | Flow rate of hot fluid | | | |
| Option C: | Inlet temperature the hot fluid | | | |
| Option D: | Operating pressures of both the streams | | | |
| 0.01 | | | | |
| Q21. | Shell thickness of the shell and tube heat exchanger is calculated from the | | | |
| | following equation based on the maximum allowable stress (F) and joint | | | |
| Ontion A: | enciency (J). where C is the corrosion allowance. | | | |
| Option A: | $[(\Gamma D_{S})/(\Gamma J \cdot 0.0\Gamma)] + C$ | | | |
| Option B: | [(YD ₅)/(FJ-U.0Y)] | | | |

Examination 2020 under cluster 4 (PCE)

| Option C: | $[(PD_s)/FJ]+C$ | | | |
|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| Option D: | [(PD _s J)/(F-0.6P)]+C | | | |
| | | | | |
| Q22. | Pick-up wrong answer. Efficient agitation | | | |
| Option A: | Depends on nature of the liquid | | | |
| Option B: | Depends on operating conditions | | | |
| Option C: | Is independent of intensity of circulation | | | |
| Option D: | Depends on shear | | | |
| | | | | |
| Q23. | Baffles can be eliminated, if viscosities are | | | |
| Option A: | >600 poise | | | |
| Option B: | <600 poise | | | |
| Option C: | >700 poise | | | |
| Option D: | >800 poise | | | |
| | | | | |
| Q24. | Pick-up the right answer. With coils in the tank, the baffles should be placed | | | |
| Option A: | Inside the coil | | | |
| Option B: | Outside the coil | | | |
| Option C: | In front of the coil | | | |
| Option D: | Back side of the coil | | | |
| | | | | |
| Q25. | A propeller operating at 375rpm speed in a vessel of 1200mm diameter with | | | |
| | following data. Internal pressure in vessel: 0.45 N/mm ² . Specific gravity of liquid | | | |
| | in vessel: 1.1. Diameter of agitator D_a : 375mm. Power number: $N_p = 0.8$. Power | | | |
| - | required to operate the propeller at 375 rpm is | | | |
| Option A: | 1.6kW | | | |
| Option B: | 2.6kW | | | |
| Option C: | 3.6kW | | | |
| Outin D. | 0.6kW | | | |

Examination 2020 under cluster 4 (PCE)

Program: BE Mechanical Engineering Curriculum Scheme: Rev 2012 Examination: Fourth Year Semester VIII Course Code: MEE8027 and Course Name: Process Equipment Design

Time: 1 hour

Max. Marks: 50

| Ouestion | Correct Option (Enter either 'A' or 'B' |
|----------|--|
| 2 | or 'C' or 'D') |
| Q1. | А |
| Q2. | А |
| Q3. | А |
| Q4 | А |
| Q5 | D |
| Q6 | А |
| Q7 | А |
| Q8. | С |
| Q9. | D |
| Q10. | А |
| Q11. | А |
| Q12. | А |
| Q13. | А |
| Q14. | D |
| Q15. | А |
| Q16. | А |
| Q17. | А |
| Q18. | D |
| Q19. | В |
| Q20. | D |
| Q21. | Α |
| Q22. | С |
| Q23. | Α |
| Q24. | А |
| Q25. | А |