# University of Mumbai <br> Examination 2020 under cluster 4 (PCE) 

Program: BE Mechanical Engineering<br>Curriculum Scheme: Rev2012<br>Examination: Third Year Semester VI<br>Course Code: MEC606 and Course Name: Finite Element Analysis

Time: 1 hour
Note to the students: - All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.

| Q1. | The weight function of Galerkin method to solve a differential equation is |
| :---: | :---: |
| Option A: | Coefficients of constants in dependent variable |
| Option B: |  |
| Option C: | Any polynomial expression |
| Option D: | -1 |
| Q2. | In the given differential equation, $\mathrm{u}^{\prime}(3)=5$, is a $-\frac{d}{d x}\left[(x-1) \frac{d u}{d x}\right]=x^{2} ; 3 \leq x \leq 5$ $u(5)=10 \text { and } u^{\prime}(3)=5$ |
| Option A: | Essential Boundary Condition |
| Option B: | Dirichlet boundary condition |
| Option C: | Homogeneous boundary condition |
| Option D: | Natural Boundary Condition |
| Q3. | The order of given differential equation is $-\frac{d}{d x}\left[(x-1) \frac{d u}{d x}\right]=x^{2} ; 3 \leq x \leq 5$ |
| Option A: | 0 |
| Option B: | 1 |
| Option C: | 2 |
| Option D: | 3 |
| Q4. | The degree of given differential equation is $-\frac{d}{d x}\left[(x-1) \frac{d u}{d x}\right]=x^{2} ; 3 \leq x \leq 5$ |
| Option A: | 0 |
| Option B: | 1 |
| Option C: | 2 |
| Option D: | 3 |
| Q5. | In the given differential equation, the primary variable is $-\frac{d}{d x}\left[(x-1) \frac{d u}{d x}\right]=x^{2} ; 3 \leq x \leq 5$ |
| Option A: | X |
| Option B: | u |
| Option C: | d/dx |
| Option D: | du/dx |

## University of Mumbai

Examination 2020 under cluster 4 (PCE)

| Q6. | The shape function N1 at point with local coordinate 4 units for a 1D linear element of length 10 units is |
| :---: | :---: |
| Option A: | 0.6 |
| Option B: | 0.4 |
| Option C: | -0.6 |
| Option D: | -0.4 |
| Q7. | The governing equation for vertical bar is |
| Option A: | $\frac{d}{d x}\left[E A \frac{d u}{d x}\right]+f=0$ |
| Option B: | $\frac{d}{d x}\left[E A \frac{d u}{d x}\right]=1$ |
| Option C: | $\frac{d}{d x}\left[E A \frac{d u}{d x}\right]-f=0$ |
| Option D: | $\frac{d}{d x}\left[E A \frac{d u}{d x}\right]=0$ |
| Q8. | Which statement is not true for Global stiffness matrix |
| Option A: | Square matrix |
| Option B: | Symmetric matrix |
| Option C: | Singular Matrix |
| Option D: | Size of matrix depends on no. of nodes |
| Q9. | The variation of shape function as shown in the figure is for |
| Option A: | 1D linear element |
| Option B: | 1D quadratic element |
| Option C: | 1D cubic element |
| Option D: | 1D constant element |
| Q10. | Beam element is an |
| Option A: | 1D element with 1DOF |
| Option B: | 1D element with 2DOF |
| Option C: | 2D element with1 DOF |
| Option D: | 2D element with 2DOF |
| Q11. | The [B] matrix for 1D linear element is |
| Option A: | $\frac{1}{L}\left[\begin{array}{ll} -1 & 1 \end{array}\right]$ |

## University of Mumbai

Examination 2020 under cluster 4 (PCE)

| Option B: | $\frac{E}{L}\left[\begin{array}{ll}-1 & 1\end{array}\right]$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Option C: | $\frac{1}{L}\left[\begin{array}{ll}1 \quad-1\end{array}\right]$ |
| Option D: | $\frac{E}{L}\left[\begin{array}{ll}1 & -1\end{array}\right]$ |
|  |  |
| Q12. | In weighted Residual technique, the residue is |
| Option A: | Minimized |
| Option B: | Maximized |
| Option C: | Kept constant |
| Option D: | Kept varying |
|  |  |
| Q13. | No. of nodes in 1D quadratic element is |
| Option A: | 1 |
| Option B: | 2 |
| Option C: | 3 |
| Option D: | 4 |
|  |  |
| Q14. | The value of natural coordinate varies from |
| Option A: | -1 to 2 |
| Option B: | 0 to 1 |
| Option C: | 1 to 2 |
| Option D: | -1 to 1 |
|  |  |
| Q15. | A 2D quadrilateral element with 4 nodes is a |
| Option A: | Linear quadrilateral element |
| Option B: | Quadratic quadrilateral element |
| Option C: | Cubic quadrilateral element |
| Option D: | Constant quadrilateral element |
|  |  |
| Q16. | The criteria for the polynomial function to attain convergence is |
| Option A: | The polynomial should be continuous and complete |
| Option B: | The polynomial should be continuous and incomplete |
| Option C: | The polynomial may or may not be continuous but complete |
| Option D: | The polynomial may or may not be complete but continuous |
|  |  |
| Q17. | The B matrix for a CST element is of order |
| Option A: | $6 \times 6$ |
| Option B: | $3 \times 3$ |
| Option C: | $3 \times 6$ |
| Option D: | $6 \times 3$ |
|  |  |
| Q18. | The Stress-Strain Relation (D) Matrix for Plane Stress Condition is |

## University of Mumbai

Examination 2020 under cluster 4 (PCE)

| Option A: | $\frac{E}{1-v^{2}}\left[\begin{array}{ccc}1 & v & 0 \\ v & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1-v}{2}\end{array}\right]$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Option B: | $\frac{E}{1-v^{2}}\left[\begin{array}{ccc}1 & V & 0 \\ V & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1-2 v}{2}\end{array}\right]$ |
| Option C: | $\frac{E}{(1+v(1-2 v)}\left[\begin{array}{ccc}1-v & v & 0 \\ v & 1-v & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1-2 v}{2}\end{array}\right]$ |
| Option D: | $\frac{E}{(1+v)(1-2 v)}\left[\begin{array}{ccc}1-v & v & 0 \\ v & 1-v & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1-v}{2}\end{array}\right]$ |
| Q19. | The matrix that gives the relationship between two coordinate system is |
| Option A: | Displacement Matrix |
| Option B: | Jacobian Matrix |
| Option C: | Load Matrix |
| Option D: | Directional matrix |
| Q20. | The size of the global stiffness matrix with minimum number of nodes for the system shown below for a 1D analysis is |
| Option A: | $3 \times 3$ |
| Option B: | $4 \times 4$ |
| Option C: | 5x5 |
| Option D: | 6x6 |
| Q21. | The linear shape function at point P is |

## University of Mumbai <br> Examination 2020 under cluster 4 (PCE)

| Option A: | $0.1,0.9$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Option B: | $0.2,0.8$ |
| Option C: | $0.3,0.7$ |
| Option D: | $0.4,0.6$ |
|  |  |
| Q22. | The Governing equation for free axial vibration of rod is given by |
| Option A: | $\mathrm{AE} \frac{\partial^{2} \mathrm{y}}{\partial \mathrm{x}^{2}}=\rho \mathrm{A} \frac{\partial^{2} \mathrm{t}}{\partial \mathrm{t}^{2}}$ |
| Option B: | $\frac{1}{\mathrm{AE}} \frac{\partial^{2} \mathrm{y}}{\mathrm{x}^{2}}=\rho \mathrm{A} \frac{\partial^{2} \mathrm{t}}{\partial \mathrm{t}^{2}}$ |
| Option C: | $\mathrm{AE} \frac{\partial^{2} \mathrm{y}}{\partial \mathrm{x}^{2}}=\frac{1}{\rho \mathrm{~A}} \frac{\partial^{2} \mathrm{t}}{\partial \mathrm{t}^{2}}$ |
| Option D: | $\frac{1}{\mathrm{AE}} \frac{\partial^{2} \mathrm{y}}{\partial \mathrm{x}^{2}}=\frac{1}{\rho \mathrm{~A}} \frac{\partial^{2} \mathrm{t}}{\partial \mathrm{t}^{2}}$ |
| Q23. | Analysis to determine natural frequency is |
| Option A: | Structural Analysis |
| Option B: | Thermal Analysis |
| Option C: | Fluid Analysis |
| Option D: | Modal Analysis |
|  |  |
| Q24. | Which of the element is a 2D element |
| Option A: | Bar Element |
| Option B: | Link Element |
| Option C: | CST Element |
| Option D: | Brick Element |
|  | Q25. |
| Option A: | $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}$ |
| Option B: | $\bar{x}, \bar{y}$ |
| Option C: | $\xi, \eta$ |
| Option D: | $\mathrm{r}, \theta$ |
|  |  |

## University of Mumbai

## Examination 2020 under cluster 4 (PCE)

Program: BE Mechanical Engineering
Curriculum Scheme: Rev2012
Examination: Third Year Semester VI
Course Code: MEC606 and Course Name: Finite Element Analysis
Time: 1 hour

| Question | Correct Option (Enter either ' $A$ ' or ' $B$ ' or ' $C$ ' or ' $D$ ') |
| :---: | :---: |
| Q1. | A |
| Q2. | D |
| Q3. | C |
| Q4 | B |
| Q5 | B |
| Q6 | A |
| Q7 | A |
| Q8. | C |
| Q9. | C |
| Q10. | B |
| Q11. | A |
| Q12. | A |
| Q13. | C |
| Q14. | D |
| Q15. | A |
| Q16. | A |
| Q17. | C |
| Q18. | A |
| Q19. | B |
| Q20. | B |
| Q21. | B |
| Q22. | A |
| Q23. | D |
| Q24. | C |
| Q25. | C |

